

THE NAPAN

Historical Society

Vol. LV] No 27 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-FRI

THE DOMINION BANK

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Opposite Campbell House.

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WALL PAPER

WHAT THE COUNTY COUNCIL IS DOING

Met in the Council Chamber in the Court House on Tuesday.

Passed a resolution of condolence to Reeve Hicks of North Fredericksburgh in the death of his son, Pte. Ray Hicks.

Passed a resolution of condolence to the widow and family of the late Fred Shepard.

Received an application from Samuel Ryan to be appointed High County Constable. Referred to Police Committee.

Heard the Warden and Clerk's report of orders given on Treasurer and confirmed same.

Received the report of the County Patriotic Committee, showing present monthly payment to be \$1472.01, to 116 dependents of the soldiers and moved a vote of thanks to the Executive Committee for their work.

Received copy of order in council ordering payment to county of \$5208.34 from Province on account of county roads.

Received communication from Provincial Government re expenditures on roads in 1916. The balance of the first session was taken up with County Road discussion.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Referred a number of accounts to various committees.

Council took up the By-Law to grant aid to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and gave it its second reading. The money, \$18,000.00 will be raised this year by an extra 2½ mills taxation.

A claim from Mr. R. Shetler for damages to a horse, was referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.

Mr. G. B. Curran was heard in reference to Agricultural school fair work and County Boards of Agriculture.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Frank Hughes presented a claim for \$5 for damages to buggy on County Road. Referred to Road and Bridges Committee.

A number of communications were read and filed.

Col. Ferguson, Major Gray, Capt. Hannah and Lieut. Graham, of the 146th Batt., addressed the Council, asking a grant to help the battalion in their recruiting campaign.

After some discussion the Council voted the 146th Batt., \$1500. Col. Ferguson and Capt. Hannah, on behalf of the 146th Batt., heartily thanked the Council for the grant.

The Patriotic Fund By-Law was finally passed granting \$1800.00 per month for 10 months.

A large number of claims for damages to vehicles on county roads were referred to Roads and Bridges Committee.

ROAD BY-LAW TO BE ON MONDAY, JUN

The Town council are people to sanction a By-Law regarding the raising by debent 000.00 to build certain roads signified in a former letter. Main roads proposed to be built are leading into the Newburgh Road, the and centre street and the road. It will not be necessary anything further about these roads as the citizens aware that they are in condition and dangerous and the town has already had to pay damages for thereon. The council find cannot build these roads usual street appropriation take all the available money purposes to build and maintain other roads in the town will therefore be necessary to a certain portion of street appropriation to be roads and once they are built of maintaining and keeping repair will be a very small the town and it will be quite to reduce the annual street tax by at least \$1000.00 for following years. This amount used to pay off the debt for the next ten years means there would be a practical increase in the rate of tax which are not only a great convenience for people coming to town credit to the town. The cost of maintaining the front on Farm lands is about 1 8/10 miles of this class. This would bring back to about \$2500.00 which amount applied against the total amount to be expended and in placing to issue debentures for we would only require about \$7500.00. Several questions arise among the citizens as to what class of road is proposed, are to be constructed and have charge of the actual and building of these roads. In answer to these questions say that the council propose what the government engineers pass as permanent Macadam. The roads to be from fourteen feet wide with about a depth of stone and substructures. Proper surface drainage will be provided in all cases a necessary title drainage will be provided along the sides of the roads. The government road department have agreed to send their engineer to lay out the work and it is properly constructed and also have the advice and assistance of Mr. Anderson, the architect. The council have also decided this work in charge of the builder they can secure and at present considering the

months, but have not tried to locate heavy artillery on the ridge, as the result would be the concentration of

WALL PAPER

After an unusually successful Wall Paper season we find we have quite a number of ends we will dispose of very cheaply.

We also have several lines of expensive paper that has been too good in quality for the general public that we are reducing in price.

**Some worth 40c. for 25c.
Some worth 25c. for 15c.**

and other good bargains.

Don't fail to call early if you want any, as these bargains will probably all go on Saturday.

Paul's Bookstore

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA. ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,600,000
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,245,140
Total Deposits.....62,729,163
Total Assets.....86,190,464

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid
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Napanee Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker Branch, L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

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Gasoline Engines and Cream Separators,

Silos, Scales,

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and the trench mortars 49. It is evident that along a wide stretch of front the Austrian defence has been crumpled up. Brusiloff, the Russian Commander-in-Chief, is all for secrecy. He is reported to have sent the newspaper correspondents back to Petrograd before he started his drive, and as his official despatches do not indicate where he has delivered his hammer strokes, the world must wait with unsatisfied curiosity till he lifts the veil. Vienna admits a retreat toward Lutsk. This city and the important railway centre of Kovel, farther to the west, are doubtless Brusiloff's immediate objectives.

Is Fort Vaux in German hands? The Germans say that "in all its parts" it has been in their possession since Tuesday night. The midnight Paris report says: "The Germans announced to-day that Fort Vaux fell into their hands during the evening of the 6th of June. On the 7th, at 3 o'clock in the morning, Fort Vaux was still in our hands. From that time on, due to the violence of the bombardment, we have not been able to establish any communication with the fort."

The Fort of Vaux is one of the most important of the outer defensive works of Verdun on the east side of the Meuse. From Douaumont and Vaux the land falls in an abrupt slope to the northeast. Up this slope during the early stage of the operations in February the Germans made their way by charging in solid masses. They reached Douaumont, and after it had been hammered out of all resemblance to anything but an abandoned stone quarry they took it. The French established new lines a few hundred feet to the southwest, and there they have held their positions ever since. They even retook portions of Douaumont a couple of weeks ago, and held them for several days. Vaux has been battered as Dauamont was, but the French garrison clung to it, despite the devastating artillery fire, because from the heights on which it stands command is held of the valley to the north between it and Douaumont, and artillery spotters stationed on the heights of Vaux in observation posts can direct a deadly fire on German concentrations on the plain to the east as well as the adjacent slopes to the north and northwest. If Vaux is taken the Germans will use it for the same purpose as the French did, viz: as an observation station. The situation is too conspicuous for the mounting of big guns. The Germans have had Douaumont for over three

months, but have not tried to locate heavy artillery on the ridge, as the result would be the concentration of all the French guns within range on the spot and the slaughter of any gunners who tried to work artillery there. This applies with equal force to Vaux.

The capture of Fort Vaux will not materially change conditions. It gives the Germans encouragement, and adds to their spectacular gains, but the foe is still five miles from Verdun, and the great earthworks and defences of Fort de Souville and Fort de Tavannes more formidable natural positions than Fort Vaux—bar the way. If these positions are defended as the Douaumont and Vaux heights have been the Germans will lose another army in taking them. Even then, nearer the city, and lying between it and Fort de Souville, are the Belleville and St. Michel forts. They are of no use as fortifications, but the heights on which they stand provide natural defensive positions of the same sort as Hill 304 and Dead Man's Hill, on the other side of the Meuse, which the French have held for months against constant attack by great German forces. If, therefore, the retention of Verdun has become a matter of national pride for France, the fall of Fort Vaux will have little result. It is important, but by no means vitally important, to the defence.

Mr. Balfour, first Lord of the Admiralty, speaking Wednesday before the Imperial Council of Commerce in London, said: "Any one who imagines that the relative strength of the two fleets is the same as it was before the battle has made the most profound mistake. The German navy is relatively and absolutely less powerful than is the British navy." Mr. Balfour added that the dream of a German invasion of Great Britain would be dissipated forever by the action, and that the blockade could now be tightened. Mr. Balfour is exceedingly cautious in his use of words. His statements can be accepted at their face value. When he says, "Great Britain not merely obtained the honors of the battle, but also gained the substantial fruits of victory," the people of the Empire will accept his judgment unreservedly. The Kaiser, in continuing to brag of victory while concealing Germany's losses, is merely making himself ridiculous.

Berlin officially announces the rescue by German light cruisers and destroyers of 176 officers and men from sinking British vessels during the North Sea battle. About a hundred and fifty of them were from two destroyers, the Nestor and Nomad. From the Queen Mary two were saved, and from the Indefatigable two.

The Italians begin to come back. Rome records not only the repulse of Austrian attacks northeast of Asiago, with heavy enemy losses, but a vigorous Italian counter-attack with the bayonet that drove the Austrians from the Heights of Campo Mulo. The peasants of Venetia may safely return to their homes. Austria has got a new and difficult task in Galicia and Volhynia, and will not be able to concentrate her strength on an invasion of Italy.

The penetration of German East Africa by columns from the north, the west, the southwest and the south continues, and the Germans are being quickly shepherded toward Kilimatinde, the capital, in the vicinity of which the round-up will take place a few weeks hence. The German native levies and carriers are demoralized and deserting, and the population in the areas traversed welcomes the British troops. Without the help of the natives the German defence will collapse like a house of cards.

also have the advice and as Mr. Anderson, the county The council have also decided this work in charge of the builder they can secure and at present considering se from outside who have had experience in road building should be no doubt in the citizens as to the carry this work in the very best There has been several made to the By-law as it stands is that there has been no made for the building of streets such as Mill street and other streets. To this we would say that laid out under the By-law the roads that can possibly this season and it will not be to raise special moneys to be roads as it will be possible and the following year to build roads out of street appropriation at the same time maintain good roads in a satisfactory other question is the building of permanent roads on our Main This is a question that is requiring careful consideration of the and information is being given to the best kind of permanent be built on Main or Dundas this matter will have to be for another year as the condition is that it is more important to at large to have the main running into town placed in a position before any work on Main is undertaken. Main street passable condition and with pair will answer for this year this work is undertaken no will be done as a Local Improvement and a large portion of the cost will be carried by the property owners the citizens to support and see that it is carried on the council feel that they in the best interests of the that every public spirited citizen should vote in favor of the should also use their best interest in seeing that it is carried.

DENBIGH.

Albert John, a son of Mr. Wm. this village, and Anson Price Mrs. S. Wright, have entered overseas military service at where they have been employed last fall.

Mr. Wm. John is away New Ontario to look after important business.

Miss Edith Slater of slate Mr. Lorne Bert Lambert, with the volunteers at Naperville married on the 16th, by Christiansen.

Mr. A. Fritsch left last about a month's visiting and Mrs. J. Reble of Linton some friends in Berlin, Ont.

The Court of Revision Municipality was held at the House on the 27th. There a few appeals which were in the forenoon and considerable council business was transacted in the afternoon.

His Honour Judge Lavelston, held Division Court in Hall on the 31st. There were cases of general interest and was filled to its utmost capacity.

Your correspondent reports that his son, Fred Stein, has gone for military service in Co. C.

Miss Cristina Chatson left for Renfrew. From there to make an extended tour cousin at Regina, her brother and brother-in-law and and Mrs. Emil Stein in her aunt, Mrs. Louise Dunsmuir in Seattle, Wash., and some others of her numerous en route.



General Change of Time for Summer Service

Effective Saturday, June 10th.

For further particulars see Time Table, Folder, or apply to

R. E. McLEAN, or E. McLAUGHLIN, Station Agent. Town Agent.

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NEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

DA—FRIDAY, JUNE 9th, 1916

LAW TO BE VOTED NDAY, JUNE 19.

council are asking the action a By-law authorizing by debenture of \$10,000 certain roads as defrained letter. The principles to be built are the leading into town, that is High Road, the Selby road street and the Belleville. It will not be necessary to say ther about the condition is as the citizens are well they are in a very bad and dangerous for traffic own has already thus far damaged for accidents the council find that they these roads out of the appropriation as it will available money for street build and maintain the in the town proper. It will be necessary to capital portion of the annual appropriation to build these they are built the cost and keeping them in a very small charge on it will be quite possible annual street appropriation \$1000.00 for this and ars. This amount will be off the debentures each next ten years. By this would be practically no rate of taxes and we the use of good roads is only a great convenience to town but also a town. The council have to believe that the government bear forty per cent of constructing these roads in Farm lands there being miles of this class of roads. Bring back to the town which amount will be just the total amount provided and in place of having debentures for \$10,000.00 only require to borrow \$10. Several questions have the citizens as to what is proposed, how they instructed and who will of the actual laying out of these roads. In these questions we would council propose building government engineer will permanent Macadan roads. Be from fourteen to sixteen with about a ten inch base and substantial foundation surface drainage will in all cases and where drainage will be provided the sides of the streets. Department to send their road engineers the work and see that constructed and we will advice and assistance of the, the ordinary engineer, have also decided to place charge of the best road can secure and they are considering several men who have had wide ex-

EARL KITCHENER LOST

War Secretary and Staff Drowned in North Sea.

British Admiralty Reports the Sinking by a Mine or Torpedo of the Cruiser Hampshire on Which Kitchener and a Corps of Officers Were Traveling to Russia—Robertson in London.

LONDON, June 6.—Earl Kitchener, Minister of War, with his entire staff, was lost when the cruiser Hampshire was sunk north of Scotland. He was en route to Russia. The Admiralty statement follows:

"Admiral Jellicoe reports: "I have to report with deep regret that His Majesty's ship Hampshire, Capt. Herbert J. Savill, R.N., with Lord Kitchener and his staff on board, was sunk last night at about 8 p.m., to the west of the Orkneys, either by a mine or a torpedo.

"Four boats were seen by observers on shore to leave the ship. The



EARL KITCHENER.

wind was north-northwest, and heavy seas were running.

"Patrol vessels and destroyers at once proceeded to the spot and a party was sent along the coast to search, but only some bodies and a capsized boat have been found up to the present. As the whole shore has been searched from the seaward,

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Six \$1600

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And to back up its big roomy seven passenger carrying capacity there is the powerful six cylinder Overland motor.

Take your full quota of seven big passengers and see how smoothly and easily, without a sign of effort, your powerful motor speeds away with even an overload.

Slow down to a crawl—don't touch the gear shift—keep it in high—but just touch your accelerator.

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Spring Millinery !

SMART STYLES

the county engineer have also decided to place charge of the best road can secure and they are considering several men who have had wide experience in road building. There is doubt in the minds of as to the carrying out of the very best manner. been several objections By-law as it stands. One has been no provision the building of certain as Mill street, Robert other streets. In answer would say that the work under the By-law covers all that can possibly be built and it will not be necessary moneys to build these will be possible next year owing year to build these street appropriation and time maintain our other in a satisfactory way. Another is the building of piers on our Main street, question that is receiving the consideration of the council is being gathered as kind of permanent road to Main or Dundas street but will have to be left over year as the council feel are important to the town have the main roads leading placed in a proper company work on Main street en. Main street is in a condition and with a little re-survey for this year. When undertaken no doubt it is as a Local Improvement portion of the cost charged property owners. In asking to support the by-law it is carried on the 19th, feel that they are acting interests of the town and public spirited citizen, who rests of the town at heart in favor of the by-law and use their best influence to be carried.

DENBIGH.

John, a son of Wm. John of, and Anson Pringle, son of Wright, have enlisted for military service at Elk Lake, have been employed since

John is away again in to look after some business. In Slater of Slate Falls, and Bert Lambert, who was volunteers at Napanee, were on the 16th, by Rev. C. F. Fritsch left last week for month's visiting with Rev. L. Reble of Linwood, and is in Berlin, Ont. Part of Revision for this was held at the Denbigh on the 27th. There were only a few which were disposed of noon and considerable general business was transacted in town. Our Judge Lavelle of King-Division Court in G. Adams on the 31st. There were several general interest and the Hall to its utmost capacity. Correspondent received word from Fred Stein, has enlisted his service in Cockrane last

Stina Chatson left yesterday w. From there she intends an extended tour to visit a Regina, her brother Lorne, her in-law and sister, Mr. Emil Stein in Saskatoon, Mrs. Louise Dunn, and couple, Wash., and probably of her numerous relatives

once proceeded to the spot and a party was sent along the coast to search, but only some bodies and a capsized boat have been found up to the present. As the whole shore has been searched from the seaward, I greatly fear that there is little hope of there being any survivors.

No report has yet been received from the search party on shore.

"H.M.S. Hampshire was on her way to Russia."

The names of the members of Earl Kitchener's staff have not yet been learned.

Sir William Robertson, chief of the Imperial Staff, is in London.

BATH

Dr. H. S. Northmore and wife, and son, Harold, spent a few days in Toronto last week.

Rev. Mr. Sexsmith left on Tuesday for Peterboro, where he is attending the meeting of the Methodist Conference.

Mrs. Webster of Belleville, is visiting at her sister's, Mrs. D. H. Robinson's.

Mr. Ewart, Hamilton, is here on a fishing expedition.

Several young men left last week for Kingston to work on the Government survey boat.

Two ounces of Blaud's Improved Iron Pills for 25c. at WALLACG'S Drug Store Limited.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Miss Ethel Davis spent a couple days at her uncle's, Mrs. Jas. Turnbull's, Mount Pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and family were guests Sunday at Mr. Chas. Vanalstine's.

Mr. and Mrs. Manly Dewitt and children, Leinster, visited Monday at Mr. Z. Dean's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Dawson and children, Odessa, were guests Sunday at Mr. W. B. Sills.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills visited Sunday at Mr. John Empay's, Switzerland.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Davis and son, were guests Sunday at Mr. E. D. Robinson's, Selby.

Mr. W. B. Sills has purchased a new Chevrolet Car.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and family attended the wedding of her sister, Miss Mabel English, Tuesday evening.

Mr. Chas. Vanalstine is on the sick list.

Miss Ethel Davis spent Sunday at Mr. W. M. McCullough's.

Mrs. G. H. Rankin spent Tuesday at Mr. W. R. Pringle's.

Mrs. Fretts is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. P. Smith.

Mrs. W. R. Pringle called Wednesday at Mr. Garfield Sills'.

Mr. Percy Lochead, Hanover, took dinner Wednesday at his cousins', Mrs. F. Vandebogart.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith spent the 24th at Mr. Jas. Cuthill's, Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Boyle and Mr. and Mrs. F. Vandebogart motored to Belleville Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rooks, Slush Road, were guests Wednesday at Mr. Isaac Taylor's.

Mrs. F. Vandebogart visited Tuesday at Mr. Albert Reid's.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor visited Sunday at her mother's, Mrs. Warner, Mount Pleasant.

Napanee will celebrate Dominion Day on Monday July 3rd, at the Driving Park. A good programme is being arranged.

U. M. WILSON.

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HOUSE TO LET—Desirable House
in good repair. Electric Light, Waterworks,
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any time. Apply to JOHN CLIFF, Robert
Street, North. 18-t.f.

FARM FOR SALE—In Township of
Richmond, 3rd Concession, four miles from
Napanee. For particulars, apply to G. B. JOY,
at Joy & Son's Brick and Tile Factory, near
R. R. Bridge, Napanee, Ont. 40-t.f.

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres,
pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of
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pasture, 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A.
BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Dundas.
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brick house, on Robbin's Hill, electric
light, furnace, etc., good garden, good stone
barn, all in first class repair. Seven vacant
lots on Adelphi, Dundas and Bridge streets,
splendid lots for building, size arranged to suit
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on Dundas street. New house on Bridge street,
with every convenience. Good houses on
Adelphi street and stone stores. A quantity of
good lumber for sale cheap. Apply to R. J.
WALES, Napanee. 25-t.f.

Twenty Scottish lassies arrived at Quebec to become brides of young men from the old country in different parts of Canada.

Napanee will celebrate Dominion Day on Monday, July 3rd, at the Driving Park. A good programme is being arranged.

The Toronto Methodist Conference Laymen's Association passed a resolution condemning graft and wrong doing in public affairs.

Spring Millinery!

SMART STYLES

Moderately Priced.

There is a hat to be had to match every suit. New effects in straight or rolling brims, with Wings, Quills, Fruit, Ribbons and Fancy Pins, Roses and Wheat all prices.

NEW BLOUSES—in Crepe De Chene, Georgette Crepe, and Washing Silks. All sizes.

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We are showing the Spiral-Super Bone Corsets at popular prices, one half to two-thirds less than the agents charge for the same corset.

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Notice

Owing to change in business I find it necessary to have all outstanding accounts paid in at once. And all future accounts must be settled at least every month.

We carry a full line of choice GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT, HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT WOOD—which will be sold at bottom Prices.

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MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

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consulted on all diseases of Domestic
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NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The Synod of Niagara opened its annual meeting at Hamilton.

The 163rd Battalion, from Montreal, has safely arrived in Bermuda.

The London Ad. Club was formed, with more than fifty charter members.

Hamilton City Council has decided to advance the clock one hour on June 4.

The British victory over Ali Dinar in the Sudan was greater than at first reported.

Colonel Mosby, the most famous guerrilla leader in the American Civil War, is dead.

First drafts of stations in London and Bay of Quinte Methodist Conferences are announced.

Herbert Holmes, a farmer of Goderich township, thirty-five years of age, was killed by a colt's kick.

The three and a half year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Seibert, Waterloo, was drowned in a creek yesterday.

Pte. (Rev.) J. K. Fairfull, 161st Battalion, was chosen Moderator of the Walkerton Baptist Association at Clinton.

Berlin citizens are much dissatisfied over the selection of six names to vote on for the city, made by the committee of ninety-nine.

The Serbian army has been transported from Corfu to Salonica by the French navy, it was announced yesterday by Admiral Lacaze.

An open jack-knife was thrown at Colonel Roosevelt yesterday in Kansas City while driving through the streets in a Memorial Day parade.

Joseph G. Clifton, liveryman, of Woodstock, was drowned when an automobile he was driving plunged over a parapet into Mud Branch Creek.

Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, and Honorary Colonel J. Wesley Allison were on the stand at the Meredith-Duff Commission inquiry.

Prof. John MacNeill, President of the Sinn Fein Volunteers, who last week was found guilty of complicity in the Irish revolt, has been sentenced to life imprisonment, and the sentence has been confirmed.

THURSDAY.

Lord Robert Cecil arrived in Paris to confer on the blockade of Germany.

Hotels near Camp Borden will remain open, but will be out of bounds to soldiers.

Johnnie McAfee, of 85 Markham street, Toronto, was found dead in bed, as a result of escaping gas.

The Whitmonday Bank Holiday in Britain has been postponed in order not to interrupt the munitions output.

Wm. Leck of Toronto, aged 65, was trampled to death, probably while in a fit, by a horse in a stable at Virgil.



FORCED TO WITH

Canadians Are Still Hard For Positic

Fierce Battle in Which Casualties Have Been V is Still in Progress, b tured Trenches Have B Untenable and Have E Up—Mercer and Willing.

LONDON, June 6.—T and Germans are fighting in region of Ypres, where day the Canadians in ha encounters and with the al recaptured most of the tre Germans had previously t them in the sector from Comines Canal to Hooge the face of repeated atta enemy the Canadians have able to retain the bulk of tured ground, but are sti strenuously to keep what they h

Maj.-Gen. Mercer and Williams, of the Third division, are missing, an the spirited engagement in tition of Zillebeke, between the Ypres-Menin railway. ish report states that the t were inspecting the tre says that they are "missin fact of the capture of on is chronicled in the Ge port, which announced cessful storming of t south-east of Zillebeke an ish position beyond, with t of a slightly wounded g



MAJOR-GENERAL ME

major, 13 other officers, a wounded men. The British to have suffered heavy los British statement admitted advance of 700 yards, bt that the Canadian troops much of this ground.

Wounded officers reachi late Sunday night report eral Mercer, severely wou been taken to Boulogne H this is correct it is Genera who has been taken prison

The British official stat sued at midnight Saturday following account of the t "Fighting of a very sev

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.

Will save you travelling expenses and commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look up.

V. KOUBER, - Napanee

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"Vessels Large May Venture More, but Little Ships Must Stay Near Shore."

The large display ads. are good for the large business and the Classified Want Ads. are proportionately good for the small firm. In fact many large firms became such by the diligent use of the Classified Columns. Therefor example is good—start now!

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IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in sealed tubes" as recommended and used by the government. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED

was trampled to death, probably while in a fit, by a horse in a stable at Virgil.

Kingston City Council, owing to citizens' protests, rescinded its decision to adopt the daylight-saving scheme to-day.

The convention of the Ontario Medical Association opened in Toronto yesterday with the largest attendance on record.

Harold Cruxton, of 94 Logan avenue, Toronto, was drowned at the foot of Booth avenue, while playing with some other children.

Niagara Synod, meeting at Hamilton, adopted the report of the Moral and Social Reform Committee endorsing Provincial prohibition.

A hundred and fifty Austrians released from the Fort William internment camp were taken to work in Creighton Mine, near Sudbury.

J. Oliver, 114th Battalion, was sentenced at Dunnville to two, four, and seven years for desertion, carrying a weapon and shooting with intent to kill.

The business profits war tax is to be administered under the supervision of R. W. Breadner, Commissioner of Taxation, and James A. Russell, his assistant.

The Government has appointed the firms of Warwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co. and Price, Waterhouse & Co., Toronto, as auditors of the C. N. R. and G. T. P. systems, respectively.

FRIDAY.

A big strike of longshoremen has begun on the Pacific coast.

Shortage of rennet in Canada may cause cheese factories to close.

The first Lutheran Seminary in Canada was dedicated at Waterloo.

It was rumored that the Prince of Wales is to wed an Italian Princess.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association commenced in Toronto yesterday.

The court-martial of the man who ordered Editor Sheehey Skellington's execution began in Dublin.

Capt. the Hon. Rupert Guinness, M.P., and other officers have arrived to obtain recruits for the British navy.

Six persons have been killed by automobiles in Toronto during the past month, another fatal accident having occurred yesterday.

No captains have been appointed for the 235th Battalion as Lieut.-Col. Scobell wishes to give lieutenants a chance to qualify for captaincies.

Lieut.-Col. T. J. Craig has been relieved of the command of the 153rd (Wellington) Battalion, and Major A. Kelly Evans put in his place, at least temporarily.

More than 33,000 men have enlisted in the 3rd Military District, and some six or seven thousand more are needed to complete its quota of Canada's half million.

The Government is considering measures to facilitate the enlistment

in the allied armies of foreigners now in Britain. It is estimated about 200,000 friendly aliens desire to enlist.

Premier Bowser of British Columbia is made defendant in an action by H. C. Brewster, leader of the Liberal Opposition, demanding the restitution of \$18,000,000 of Pacific Great Eastern money.

SATURDAY.

Frank Lamontagne, watchman at the Quebec Bridge Works, is dead as a result of a heavy piece of steel falling on his head.

Phenomenal cold for this time of the year prevails throughout Russia.

ed from papers round in his clothing to be a discharged soldier from the 70th Battalion, is thought to have committed suicide by jumping from the Canadian Pacific dock into the Detroit River at Windsor yesterday.

TUESDAY.

George Rumpel, a prominent manufacturer of Berlin, died suddenly at his home.

Chief Detective Peter K. McCaskill of the Quebec Provincial force, died at Montreal.

The Germans yesterday admitted the suppression of news regarding the North Sea battle.

A Hungarian organization has adopted a platform of complete independence for Poland.

The members of the Landsturm class of 1917, who are out of Germany, are ordered home.

Lieut. Beadle was taken into custody charged with assaulting Captain Bell-Smith, Chaplain, and also with drawing his revolver on the military police.

Every minister and probationer in the Bay of Quinte Methodist Conference received the minimum salary for the past year for the first time in the history of the conference.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador to the United States, has been notified to the bestowal upon him of the Order of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.

President A. J. Johnston of the Council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy in his annual address said that the Ontario temperance act was satisfactory to the druggists of the Province.

Ottawa City Council last night decided to put the daylight-saving plan into effect in the capital by advancing the clocks of the city one hour from June 15th to October 1st next.

Pte. Jos. Meininger of the 118th Battalion was sentenced to eighteen months at the Prison Farm for an aggravated assault on P. C. Blewens when the latter was serving him with a summons.

Seydlitz Didn't Get Away.

COPENHAGEN, June 6, via London.—The Stifts-Tidene of Aalborg, which yesterday published a report that the 25,000-ton German battle cruiser Seydlitz was sighted on Thursday off Fano Island, pursued by British warships and badly damaged, says it is now believed the Seydlitz was sunk. A despatch to this newspaper from Ribe, Jutland, reports that persons living in Schleswig have received word that relatives on board the Seydlitz were killed.

His Regular Cue.

"What made you start clapping your hands when that woman stepped on your foot in the car?"

"I was dozing," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I thought mother and the girls were having a musical at home and one of them was signalling that it was time to applaud."

Dilemma.

Husband—Why don't you put your mind on it and get a good cook? Wife (sweetly)—I don't think I know how. I don't seem to have any faculty in selecting people to live with.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

sued at midnight Saturday following account of the battle.

"Fighting of a very severe

continued unceasingly south

Ypres between Hooge and Menin railway.

Following initial advantage obtained

evening in penetrating our line

in this neighborhood, the Ger

mans pushed their attack d

night and succeeded in

through our defences to a

700 yards in the direction

beke.

"The Canadian troops, who are holding this section, defences, launched counter

attack at 7 o'clock this morning, w

succeeded in gradually driv

enemy from much of the g

had gained. The Canadian

with the utmost gallantry,

attacking successfully after

and continued bombardment.

"The enemy losses were:

large number of German d

abandoned on the recapture

General Mercer and Gen

lliams, of the Third Cana

sion, who were inspecting

trenches Saturday during

bombardment, are missing."

Sunday night British off

"The situation around Ypr

materially altered. There

artillery bombardments,

troops retain the ground re

their counter-attacks Satur

fresh attacks have been u

by us."

The German report of tt

contained in Saturday's of

munication reads:

"We captured by storm

the ridges of the heights

of Zillebeke, south-east of

the English position beyon

prisoners one general,

wounded; one major, and

officers and 350 unwounded

number of prisoners ta

small, the enemy having

very sanguinary losses. L

night attempted count

made by the enemy were

pulsed."

The following four off

took part in recent fightin

in London at a late hour

night, Major W. Enver, 4

sion on back; Lieut. Peu

wound in face; Lieut. Dral

wound in cheek and suff

shell shock; and Lieut. P:

R., scalp wound. All the

slight.

Kingsville Man Kill

WINDSOR, June 6.

Heath, 65 years old, of

was injured fatally when a

avenue street car struck

was crossing Monroe ave

troit Saturday afternoon.

on the operating table in

ceiving Hospital. Heath's

identified by his son-in-la

loop, of Kingsville.

Fooled Her.

Astounded Mother—Why,

never told me you had invit

children to this party. Smi

—That's cause you said th

never keep a secret.

Very Seldom.

When a man gets a raise &

he can seldom keep it from

that is, the information—and

raise too.

Fire in the heart sends sn

head.—German Proverb.

TO WITHDRAW

Are Still Fighting
For Positions.

In Which Canadian
s Have Been Very Severe
n Progress, but Recap-
enches Have Been Found
e and Have Been Given
er and Williams Miss-

June 6.—The British
s are fighting hard in the
pres, where last Satur-
adians in hand-to-hand
nd with the aid of bombs
ost of the trenches the
d previously taken from
sector from the Ypres-
nal to Hooge point. In
repeated attacks by the
anadians have been un-
in the bulk of the recap-
d, but are still fighting to
keep what they have re-
e what they have lost.

Mercer and Brig.-Gen.
f the Third Canadian
missing, and one is
engagement in the direc-
beke, between Hooge and
enin railway. The Brit-
ates that the two officers
ting the trenches, and
y are "missing," but the
capture of one of them
in the German re-
announced the suc-
ming of the ridges
Zillebeke and the Brit-
beyond, with the capture
y-wounded general, a



GENERAL MERCER.

ther officers, and 350 un-
n. The British were said
red heavy losses. The
ment admitted a German
700 yards, but asserted
adian troops recaptured
ground.

officers reaching London
night report that Gen-
severely wounded, has
to Boulogne Hospital. If
it is General Williams
n taken prisoner.

h official statement is
nt Saturday gave the
count of the battle:
of a very severe nature
neasingsly south-east of

SEA FIGHT WAS VICTORY.

Germans Lost More Than British in
Naval Engagement.

LONDON, June 6.—The British
Admiralty Sunday afternoon gave out
a statement declaring that pending
the compilation of details of last
Wednesday's North Sea battle these
facts have been positively estab-
lished:

The German reports of the battle
are false.

The German losses were heavier
than the British, not merely in pro-
portion, but positively.

The arrival on the scene of battle
of the main body of the British high
seas fleet was the signal for the Ger-
man fleet to speed back to its base.

Previous to Sir John Jellicoe's ar-
rival the German fleet had been se-
verely punished. Sir John took up
the pursuit. The two main bodies
were repeatedly in momentary con-
tact, but the Germans' flight made it
impossible for the British to bring
their full force into play.

Darkness put a stop to the pursuit,
and then the destroyer flotilla took
up the chase and successfully attack-
ed the Kaiser's warships.

Late Sunday night a German Ad-
miralty statement was received here,
asserting that the German fleet suf-
fered no losses beyond those admitted
in Saturday's official account.

While the British Admiralty does
not cite names to support its asser-
tion that the German losses were
heavier than the British, it declares that
"there seems to be the strongest
ground for supposing" that the fol-
lowing units were lost by the Ger-
mans:

Two battleships, two Dreadnought
battlecruisers of the "most powerful
type," two light cruisers of the latest
type (Wiesbaden and Elbing), one
light cruiser of the Rostok (1912)
type, the light cruiser Frauenlob, at
least nine destroyers, one submarine.

This would make a total of eight
warships, nine destroyers and one
submarine, a grand total of 18 ves-
sels, as against only six warships and
eight destroyers—a grand total of 14
vessels—admittedly lost by the Brit-
ish.

The British claim brings the Ger-
man loss in tonnage—thus far as-
serted by Berlin to be only 49,000—
well up to or even beyond the Brit-
ish loss of 125,000 tons.

RUSSIAN DRIVE BEGINS.

Thirteen Thousand Teuton Prisoners
Taken on First Day.

LONDON, June 6.—On a front of
85 miles from the Rokitno Swamp,
not far south of Pinsk, down to the
westernmost strip of Bessarabia,
the Russians during the last 24
hours have begun the long-expected
concentrated infantry attack against
the Austro-Hungarian lines.

The net result of the first day of
the new drive, according to the Petro-
grad War Office, consists in 13,000
prisoners taken in "important suc-
cesses achieved in many sectors." The
great attack is still in its pre-
liminary stage, the Russian official
report indicates, saying that "the
fighting is developing."

All along the south-western front
in Russia, where the Teuton lines are
defended chiefly by Austrians, the
Czar's heavy artillery has opened a
violent fire and indications are that

**Rich Yet Delicate—
Clean and Full of Aroma.**

"SALADA"

B109

is blended from selected hill-grown
teas, famed for their fine flavoury
qualities. Imitated yet never equalled.

ONSLAUGHT FAILS.

Germans Try Unsuccessfully to Turn
French Positions at Fort Vaux.

PARIS, June 6.—Several attempts
made by the Germans Saturday night
and Sunday morning to turn the
French positions at Fort Vaux, on
the Verdun front, from the south-
east, were unsuccessful, the War Of-
fice announced Sunday afternoon.
The night attacks resulted in their
gaining a foothold in the French
trenches in the ravine between Dam-
loup and Fort Vaux, but they were
immediately driven out by a counter-
attack. The assault Sunday morn-
ing was checked by the French cur-
tain of fire.

The Germans reported the shelling
of the fortified village of Damloup,
on the eastern slope of the Vaux
heights, with the capture of ten offi-
cers, 520 men, and several machine
guns. The Berlin statement asserted
also that French efforts to penetrate
trenches south-west of Vaux failed
with severe losses to the attacking
forces.

The French communiqué admitted
the occupation by the Germans of a
deep ditch north of Fort Vaux.

Two Zeppelins Destroyed.

ESBJERG, Denmark, June 6.—
Two Zeppelin dirigible balloons are
reported by fishermen returning to
port to have been destroyed.

The Avis Lamvig states that fish-
ermen saw a Zeppelin in flames as
the result of gunfire and that the air
vessel was destroyed at a point 40
miles off the Thyboron Canal. The
entire crew perished. The Ekstrabla-
bt says that fishermen arriving at
Ringkjobing say they saw another
Zeppelin destroyed Friday some
miles from these waters.

Mayor Charges Assault.

INGERSOLL, Ont., June 6.—
Charged with assaulting Mayor W.
J. Elliott, occasioning actual bodily
harm, a warrant has been issued for
the arrest of ex-Chief of Police A.
W. Gummerson. The alleged assault
took place on Monday, May 22nd,
and on the 27th of May an informa-
tion was laid and a summons issued.
The efforts to serve the summons
having been unsuccessful, a warrant
has been issued and outside police
departments notified.

Lightning Killed Stock.

FOREST, Ont., June 6.—Four
head of cattle and a valuable horse
killed were the toll taken by a heavy
electrical storm which passed over

HANGING PICTURES.

This is a Task That Should Produce
Artistic Results.

In going over one's pictures elimi-
nate all but the choicest and best be-
loved and try to group together the
pictures whose subjects are somewhat
related or which have a similarity in
frames. Indeed, even when subjects
are closely related it is not possible al-
ways to hang pictures together owing
to a too great difference in the kind of
frames. As a rule, any room looks
better, especially small rooms, where
only one color frame is used on all pic-
tures, but if this is not possible then
the next best thing is to keep all of
the pictures in gilt frames in one part
of the room, all of the dark framed
pictures on another wall, etc.

Also one can get the best results by
separating water colors and prints,
and etchings or engravings should, of
course, always be hung apart from
other pictures. Another point frequently
overlooked is the wisdom of putting
the darker pictures on the wall that
receives the best light from windows
and contrariwise the gilt framed pic-
tures of lighter subjects where they
may serve to brighten a dark part of
the room.

Finally do not crowd the walls. Hang
pictures well in line with the eyes of a
person of average height and, of course,
choose plain walls, tinted or papered,
for backgrounds.

How Tea Is Named.

In India and Ceylon teas are named
according to the different leaves of the
plant. The two small leaves at the tip
of the shoot produce, as a rule, the
best tea, known as "flowery" and "or-
ange" pekoe. Pekoe without an ad-
jective (literally "white down") is made
from the leaf immediately below those
of the orange and flowery. Next in
the descending scale is the leaf of the
somewhat coarser souchong ("little
sprouts"), and lower still are larger
leaves yielding congou (laborer's tea) or
tea on which much labor is required
to make it fit for the market) and
Bohea. Blended tea is now often de-
scribed as "congou." Originally the
name Bohea was applied to any kind
of black tea, it being assumed that it
all came from Wu (pronounced by the
Chinese Bui).—London Chronicle.

When Pens Were First Used.

About the year 600 A. D. pens made
of quills were introduced. This is
shown by the fact that the word pen-

count of the battle: of a very severe nature increasing south-east of en Hooge and the Ypres. Following on their stage obtained Saturday penetrating our forward neighborhood, the Ger- their attack during the succeeded in pushing defences to a depth of n the direction of Zille-

nadian troops, however, ding this sector of the launched counter-strokes this morning, which have gradually driving the much of the ground he

The Canadians behaved most gallantly, counter- unsuccessfully after a heavy bombardment.

my losses were severe. A er of German dead were on the recaptured ground. ricer and General Wil- be Third Canadian divi- were inspecting the front turday during the bom- re missing."

ight British official said: on around Ypres has not itered. There have been bombardments, and our the ground regained in r-attacks Saturday. No have been undertaken

ian report of the fight as Saturday's official com- reads:

ured by storm on Friday of the heights south-east, south-east of Ypres, and position beyond, taking one general, slightly ne major, and 13 other 350 unwounded men. The prisoners taken was enemy having suffered many losses. During the emted counter-attacks e enemy were easily re-

wing four officers who a recent fighting arrived at a late hour Sunday or W. Enver, 49th, abra- k; Lieut. Peu, C.M.R., ce; Lieut. Drabble, 49th, heek and suffering from and Lieut. Paton, C.M. bound. All the cases are

sville Man Killed. R, Jne 6.—William O. years old, of Kingsville, fatally when a Michigan et car struck him as he g Monroe avenue, in De- ay afternoon. He died rating table in the Re- pital. Heath's body was his son-in-law, Charles gsville.

Fooled Her. Mother—Why, Tottle, you e you had invited so many this party. Small Hostess use you said that I could i secret.

Very Seldom. an gets a raise at the office m keep it from his wife— information—and, well, the

heart sends smoke in the an Proverb.

defended chiefly by Austrians, the Czar's heavy artillery has opened a violent fire and indications are that the Russians are planning a new offensive on a large scale against the Austrians, evidently with the view to making impossible the withdrawal of reinforcements for the Austrian offensive on the Trentino, and possibly for the purpose of forcing the despatch of Austrian troops from that front to the Russian battle line.

Such an offensive by the Russians at this time would also have an effect upon the Verdun fighting, where Austrian reinforcements were reported to have arrived last week. The Russian artillery fire during the last 24 hours has been particularly violent on a front of 25 kilometres (about 17 miles) near Olyka. This town lies slightly to the south-east of the Volhynian fortress of Lutsk, in Teuton hands since last fall, and due north of the fortress of Dubno, also captured in the great Teuton drive ten months ago.

The Russian attack in this region is facilitated by the base at Rovno, the third Volhynian fortress, which the Austro-German forces have vainly tried for months to approach. On the Dniester and the lower Strypa, as well as north-west of Tarnopol, on the Galician front, which is defended exclusively by Austro-Hungarian troops, the Russian big guns are equally active.

AEROPLANES BROUGHT DOWN.

German Craft Are Wrecked in Air Raid on Toul.

PARIS, June 6.—The German aeroplanes which bombarded Toul on Sunday were brought down by a French pursuing squadron. The French official report says:

"Sunday at noon a group of German aeroplanes dropped several bombs on Toul. Six persons were killed and about ten were wounded. The material damage was of slight importance. No military establishment was struck.

"A pursuit squadron from Toul took the air immediately and vigorously pursued the enemy aeroplanes, one of which was brought down in our lines at Sanzey, twelve kilometres north of Toul. Two other enemy aeroplanes, struck by the machine fire of our machines, descended abruptly in the German lines."

King Constantine May Abdicate.

ROME, June 6.—An uncensored despatch from Athens hints at the possibility of the abdication of King Constantine of Greece. The despatch adds that the resignation of the Greek Cabinet is inevitable, and that it will result in sensational developments.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo.
Lucas County, s.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. F. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.

(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

head of cattle and a valuable horse killed were the toll taken by a heavy electrical storm which passed over this section Saturday. The cattle belonged to Henry Hodgson, of Lake Road, Bosanquet, while the horse was the property of Henry Frayne, 11th concession.

Why Languages Differ.

An interesting contribution to the discussion of a universal language is offered by the Montreal Family Herald.

The adoption of a universal language, purely spoken by all who use it, is made difficult by the fact that there are physical differences of an important character between the different races. The vocal organs are so unlike in different peoples that a language originally uniform would soon change in the mouths of the various nations until they could no longer understand one another. If the Italian language could be taught to all Chinese or Russians it would change so rapidly that in a few years no one would recognize it as Italian. One theory to account for this fact is that the people in the chilly north speak with the lips nearly closed and that those who live in milder climates give free articulation by opening the mouth.

Unkind.

"Does your wife wear spats?"

"Wear 'em? She starts 'em."—Detroit Free Press.

Outguessed.

"What size collar do you wear?"

"About a half size too small for you."—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

A Definition.

Little Elmer—Papa, what is hope? Professor Broadhead—Hope, my son, is what we have left.—Exchange.

Lucky.

"I bear that Jones is up to his ears in debt." "Yes, but luckily he isn't very tall."—Boston Transcript.

First and Second Thoughts.

In matters of conscience first thoughts are best; in matters of prudence last thoughts are best.

An English Coal Mine.

Birmingham, England, has a mine in which one coal seam is twenty-eight feet thick.

His Machine.

Knicker—Has Jones a runabout? Bocker—No, just a talkabout.—New York Sun.

Record Gold Nugget.

When taken out of the mine the largest gold nugget in the world weighed 640 pounds.

Philippine Forests.

The virgin forests of the Philippine Islands cover an area about equal to that of the state of Kentucky.

Gold Leaf.

A floor fourteen feet square might be covered with a single ounce of gold leaf.

Japanese Dogs.

Japanese dogs are almost destitute of noses, having the nostrils set directly in the head.

Polo.

Polo is an oriental game of antiquity which, it is claimed, can be traced back to 600 B. C.

About the year 600 A. D. pens made of quills were introduced. This is shown by the fact that the word pena, a quill, is not found, it is claimed, in any work bearing an earlier date. Previous to that time the word calamus, signifying a reed, was exclusively employed as a designation for the vehicle used in transferring the ink to the parchment or other surface selected by the writers of that early age. Steel pens first came into use in 1803, and about twenty-two years later those composed of gold made their appearance.

How He Took It.

"In training," said an instructor in athletics, "the strictest obedience is required. Whenever I think of the theory of training I think of Dash, who, after eighteen years of married life, is one of the best and happiest husbands in the world.

"Dash," I once said to him, "well, Dash, old man, how do you take married life?"

"According to directions," he replied.

Melba's Name.

Mme. Melba's name was Nelle Mitchell until her marriage, when it became Mrs. C. N. F. Armstrong. At the time of her debut into opera she decided to adopt a stage name, and her intense loyalty to the land of her birth moved her to combine the first four letters of Melbourne, her native town, and the last letter of Victoria, the reigning queen of that time, together making Melba.

Mustard Sauce.

Materials.—Two tablespoonfuls butter, one tablespoonful flour, one cupful warm water, two tablespoonfuls dry mustard, salt, red pepper.

Utensils.—Saucepans, cup, spoon and knife.

Directions.—Melt the butter, add the flour; when thick add water and stir smooth; add mustard, salt and pepper to taste.

This is a good sauce for a white fish like haddock or cod.

The Swish of the Rod.

A college president in an address on pedagogy said:

"And one of the most remarkable changes in the last thirty years of teaching is the abolition of corporal punishment. A boy of this generation is never whipped. But boys of the last generation must have believed that their instructors all had for motto: 'The swish is father to the taught'."

Caution.

He—Now that we are in this great field alone with each other and nature, let me tell you a sweet secret. She—Let's go out of this field into the potato patch. You must remember that, though potatoes have eyes, corn has ears.

Appropriate.

"So your manicurist has sued your dentist for breach of promise?"

"Yes, and the case is to be fought tooth and nail."

Boatman, ask not what to do; pull the car that's nearest you.

SHOEBLACKS IN GREECE.

They Shine as Artists in One of the National Recreations.

Boot cleaning, one of the milder recreations that Saloniki offers, ranks among the national industries of Greece. To sit drinking little cups of Turkish coffee and having his boots cleaned at the same time is the Greek's ideal of a pleasant afternoon. The lustros, as Greek shoeblocks are usually called, though usually of tender age, is a true artist and is by no means content with the dull burnish that satisfies the English boot boy.

He first meticulously scrapes your boot clean of the smallest fragment of mud, then wipes it carefully so as to have a perfectly clean background to work on. After that he applies the blacking, not by dabbing the blacking brush into the tin, but with a variety of little metal implements and sponges.

When he has brushed this to a bright polish you imagine that your shine is over, but it has really only begun, for the lustros now goes on to bring out the high lights by smearing your boot over with a colorless cream which he brushes again to great brilliance and finishes off by two or three minutes' friction with a velvet cloth. He completes his work by painting the edge of sole and heel with a sort of varnish.—G. Ward Price in London Times.

A Slight Misadventure.

When Roosevelt was in the White House he received from an inmate of a penitentiary an appeal for a pardon couched in something like the following terms:

"Dear Colonel—Maybe you'll remember I was with you in the rough riders. They've got me locked up in this hole, and I want you, please, to get me out."

"It was all a mistake, anyhow. The judge sent me up for ten years for shooting a lady in the eye. I didn't mean to do it—honest, I didn't. I wasn't even shooting at the lady. I was shooting at my wife."

Cutting Diamonds.

The method of cutting diamonds is a very delicate one, diamond dust being largely used for the cutting, as no steel is hard enough for the purpose. It is remarkable that the diamond cutters can cut such small stones into perfect brilliants, but sometimes there are cut 100 to a carat, a carat weight being only 3.2 grains, and when shown in a bit of white paper look like a number of brilliant minute stars.

The wonder is not that diamonds are so costly, but that they can be purchased for any price within reason, when the rarity of good stones and the difficulty of cutting is all considered.

Beauty of the Silver Acacia.

There are many miracles. A silver tree is always one of them. When it rains your heart is likely to be broken because the silver acacia has its bright eyes so filled with shining tears that it may spill them any minute from the weight, and its death means the end of joy. This is the one acacia that seems

A WEATHER MYTH

The Idea That the Old Fashioned Winter Was a Fury.

FAMOUS FROSTS WERE RARE

Records Show That Remarkable Snowstorms and Long Seasons of Hard Freezing Were Not All the Rule. Testimony of Pepys and Evelyn.

Perhaps the greatest of weather myths is the legend of the "old fashioned winter"—that prolonged season of ice and snow which is supposed to have held the land in its grip every year. So firmly has this idea been held for many years that it came as a shock when meteorologists first began to delve into the records of the past and prove its inaccuracy.

There can be no doubt that Charles Dickens, Washington Irving, artists who depicted winter scenes, and, in a later era, the Christmas number and the Christmas card are mainly responsible for the belief that up to about half a century ago the British winters were always extremely severe.

Such records as we possess prove the fallacy of the idea. No records of the weather were kept up to about fifty or sixty years ago, so that we have to rely on the statements of private diaries and old family records, and therefore it takes a lot of research to obtain any data at all.

In olden times no one troubled to make note of average weather, for writing was an art possessed only by few, and writing materials were hard to obtain; hence it is that mention is made only of something unusual, some abnormally mild winter or heavy fall of snow or prolonged frosts.

And when all is said there are comparatively few of the latter, although they were likely to be recorded, while the milder ones would be passed over. A few years ago there were published in France some notes concerning very mild winters in early times. Gregory of Tours tells us that 584 was exceptionally mild, as were the winters of 808, 834, 844 and 1007, when influenza was rife.

Another mild season occurred in 1229, when the birds are said to have hatched their young by February, while the weather journal of the Rev. William Merle, which is in the Bodleian library at Oxford, shows us that during the middle of the fourteenth century the weather was very much as it is now and that mild winters were not uncommon.

There were one or two mild winters during the next hundred years, the most notable one being that of 1405, when barley and corn were in the ear at the end of January. Writings of the sixteenth century have similar testimony to offer, the one or two exceptions only going to prove the rule because they aroused so much comment.

Pepys and Evelyn come to our aid from the middle to the end of the seventeenth century and prove conclusively that the old fashioned winter is a

HISTORIC BRENNER PASS.

This Alpine Gap is a Famous Pathway For Great Armies.

The mighty Brenner pass is the Thermopylae of Tyrol. From times immemorial the northern tribes have sought the refinements and culture of the south over this wonderful Alpine saddle, first in fame among all the gaps in the rugged Alpine defenses against the north, and a way which has echoed to the dying cries of warriors and clashing accoutrements of myriad Roman legions and to the noisy disorder of the passage of many armies through more than 2,000 years of restless history.

Innsbruck, the Tyrolean capital, is at the northern terminus of this way, while Botzen, the largely Latinized metropolis of the south, lies 3,600 feet below. Innsbruck is exclusively of the northland, surrounded by plums, apples and fir trees, and Botzen, like Italy beyond the mountains, is in the midst of a region of vines, figs and olives.

Historic points crowd one another along the Brenner. Guidestones of the time of Caracalla and Septimus Severus have been found buried here. Some of the world's greatest generals have traveled this path, north and south, and here the Tyrolean peasant, Andreas Hofer, the simple, untaught Austrian hero, proved himself greater than one of the best officers of Napoleon.—National Geographic Bulletin.

Conditions Reversed.

One of the finest examples of "pawky" humor is placed to the credit of an old gardener who was in the service of Admiral of the Fleet Sir Alexander Milne. The admiral was a grand old man, full of goodness and kindness, but a strict disciplinarian. The gardener having omitted to do something which he had been told to do, his master said to him:

"When I was on board ship I would have had you put in irons for disobedience."

The old gardener was not much perturbed at the idea, but, leaning on his spade, replied:

"Aye, maybe, Sir Alexander, but when ye were on board ship ye had a hunder men tae dae ae job, an' noo ye hae ae man tae dae a hunder jobs."—London Tit-Bits.

Emotionally Senile.

I know no more dismal spectacle than a man talking shop on a moonlit hill in August, a woman gossiping by the rail of a steamer plunging through the sapphire of the gulf stream or a couple perusing advertisements throughout a Beethoven symphony. I will not advance as typical a drummer I once saw read a cheap magazine from cover to cover in the finest stretch of the Canadian Rockies. He was not a man, but a sample fed, word emitting machine. These people, emotionally speaking, are senile. They should not try to read poetry.—Henry Seidel Canby in Harper's Magazine.

A Trick With an Egg.

Place two V shaped wineglasses of the same size near the edge of a table. In the right hand one put an egg, just fitting the rim of the glass. Hold the bases of the glasses firmly down, the

THE MARKET

CHICAGO, June 5.—Chicago closed on account of primary e

TORONTO DAIRY MA

Butter, creamy, fresh-made, lb. squares.....	0 30
Butter, creamy, solids.....	0 28
Butter, separator, dairy.....	0 25
Butter, dairy.....	0 26
New-laid eggs, dozen.....	0 28
New-laid eggs, cartons, dozen.....	0 28
Cheese, old, per lb.....	0 21
Cheese, new, per lb.....	0 19

GRAIN AND PRODU

TORONTO, May 5.—The

Trade official market quota

Manitoba Wheat (Track, Bay)

No. 1 northern, \$1.16.

No. 2 northern, \$1.15 1/4.

No. 3 northern, \$1.11 1/4.

Manitoba Oats (Track, Bay)

No. 2 C.W., 50 1/2 c.

No. 3 C.W., 49 1/2 c.

Extra No. 1 feed, 49 1/2 c.

No. 1 feed, 48 1/2 c.

American Corn.

No. 3 yellow, 73 1/2 c. track, 76c, track, Toronto

Ontario Oats (According to

side).

No. 3 white, 48 1/2 c. to 49c.

Ontario Wheat (According to

Outside).

No. 1 commercial, \$1 to \$1.0

No. 2 commercial, 98c to 99c

No. 3 commercial, 94c to 95c

Feed, wheat, nominal, 90c to

Peas (According to Freight)

No. 2, nominal, \$1.70.

According to sample, \$1.25 to

Barley (According to Freight)

Malting barley, 66c to 67c.

Feed barley, 63c to 64c.

Buckwheat (According to Freight)

side).

Nominal, 70c to 71c.

Rye (According to Freight)

No. 1 commercial, nominal,

Manitoba Flour (Toron

First patents, in jute bags,

Second patents, in jute bags,

Strong bakers, in jute bags,

Ontario Flour (Prompt Shil

Winter, according to samp

\$4.20, in bags, track, Toronto

\$4.35, bulk, seaboard.

Milled (Car Lots, Delivered

Freights).

Bran, per ton, \$23.

Shorts, per ton, \$25.

Middlings, per ton, \$25 to \$

Good feed flour, per bag, \$1.

Hay (Track, Toronto

No. 1, best grade, per ton, \$

No. 2, low grade, per ton, \$

WINNIPEG GRAIN MA

WINNIPEG, June 5.—Wheat and 1/4c on the local market to

were unchanged to 1/4c lower

1/4c to 1/2c down. The absence

of a grain market made it a very

The market lacked support, y

was steady.

Wheat—Open, High, Low

July 1.10 1.10% 1.0

Oct. 1.06 1/2 1.07 1.0

Dec. 1.06 1.06 1.0

Oats—

July 44 1/2 44 1/2 4

Oct. 39 1/2 39 1/2 3

Flax—

July 1.60 1/2 1.60 1/2 1.6

Oct. 1.55 1/2 1.55 1/2 1.5

LIVERPOOL MARKI

LIVERPOOL, June 5.—Clo

Spot steady; No. 1 Manitob

No. 2 Manitoba, 10s 11d; No

10s 12d; No. 1 northern &

No. 2 red western winter, 10s

Corn—Spot quiet; Ameri

new, 10s 5d.

Flour—Winter patents, 47s

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 1

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26

7s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs.

bellies, 14 to 16 lbs.; 85s; long

dies, 28 to 34 lbs.; 85s; 35 to 40 lbs.; 83s; short clear

to 20 lbs.; 80s; shoulders, sq

13 lbs.; 64s.

Lard—Prime western, in the

7s 6d; old, 74s 6d; America

7s 3d; in boxes, 71s.

Cheese—Canadian, finest v

and old, 98s; colored, 12s an

Turpentine—Spirit, 44s.

CATTLE MAR

UNION STOCK YAR

TORONTO May 5—R

CATTLE MARKET

UNION STOCK YARD

TORONTO, May 5.—I live stock at the Union Yards, 3,195 cattle, 725 hogs, 321 lambs, and 155 calves.

The market might fairly be as follows:

Butchers—Of the best butchers two loads sold at \$9.85 and in general was from \$9.40 to \$10.50 to butchers brought from \$8.75 to \$10.50 to medium butchers from \$7.75 to \$9.50.

Cows—Choice cows were at a cwt., selling at from \$7.50 to \$8.50 medium from \$6.75 to \$7.50.

Bulls—Choice bulls were sold from \$7.75 to \$8.75.

Feeders—Good feeders were medium steers weighing from lbs. bringing from \$7.75 to \$8.50.

Stockers—Choice breeding weight from 700 to 800 lbs. from \$7.25 to \$8.00, and stock from \$7.25.

Milch cows—Choice milch all the way from \$7.50 to \$8.00, no outside orders for milch demand was very light.

Hogs—Hogs sold from \$10.00 to \$10.50 off cars and \$10.25 to watered.

Sheep, lambs and calves v at unchanged prices.

MONTRÉAL LIVE STOCK

MONTREAL, June 5.—At real stock yards, West End day the feature of the trade was weaker feeling for cattle and declined 25 to 50c per cwt. as with last week. At the reduced was a fairly good demand for and butchers, choice steers \$9.25; small lots selling as hi per cwt.

In sympathy with the high ruling at other Canadian centers, hoggs stronger feeling prevails today for selected stock showed an advance of 25c. Hough stock was weaker, 25 pounds lower. Selected lots \$11.50 to \$11.75, while rough at \$11 to \$11.25. Sows sold \$9.75, and stags at \$5.50 to \$5. weighed off cars. The tone of the market for calves continues firm good demand for both local and for shipment to the U.S. stock sold at 8½ to 9½c, good 8c, medium at 5c to 6½c and 2½c to 4c per lb. live weight.

The demand for sheep was firm prices, but the tone of for spring lambs was easier, lambs ruled lower, at \$4.50 to head.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK

EAST BUFFALO, N.Y., June 6.—Receipts, 4,000; fairly active, \$8.50 to \$10.80; butcher \$9.95; heifers, \$7.50 to \$9; cows \$8; bulls, \$5.50 to \$8.25; steer feeders, \$7.75 to \$8; stock he to \$7.25; fresh cows and spring \$4.50 to \$100.

Veals—Receipts, 1,500; active \$11.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 15,400; active and mixed, \$8.70 to \$9.75; yearlings, \$9.70; pigs, \$8.75 to \$9; rough \$8.60; stags, \$8.50 to \$7.25.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, live lambs, \$5.50 to \$10; yearling wethers, \$7.75 to \$8; ewes, sheep, mixed, \$7.25 to \$7.50; lambs, \$7 to \$12.

Child Drowned.

CHATHAM, June 6.—Ja Lennox, aged 21 month James Lennox, concession line, Dover Township, was shortly after three o'clock afternoon in the ditch on the site side of the road to the

A large assortment of E Ivory Toilet Goods for the at WALLACE'S Limited, the drug store.

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Always bears

the

Signature of *Chat H.*

eyes so filled with shining tears that it may spill them any minute from the weight, and its death means the end of joy. This is the one acacia that seems almost at its loveliest when not in bloom. It is like a hand illumined edition of fairy stories bound in bright gray silk, with tassels for book marks. Every trembling leaf makes you think of the kiss of a child. When you pass the tree you feel baby arms about your neck. You may exist without a silver acacia, but you cannot be said to live without one.

Orders of British Knighthood.

The titles of the different orders of knighthood are all of a most high and mighty description. The Garter is "most noble," the Thistle "most ancient and most noble" and St. Patrick "most illustrious." The Knights of the Bath are officially "most honorable," the Star of India is "the most exalted." St. Michael and St. George is "the most distinguished," the Order of the Indian Empire is "the most eminent"—London Globe.

Charity.

She—I'm glad we went. It was an excellent performance—and for such a charitable purpose! Her Husband—Yes, indeed! We all feel a thrill of satisfaction when we do something for charity and get the worth of our money at the same time.

Sight Unseen.

Head of Firm—How long do you want to be away on your wedding trip?

Hawkins (timidly)—Well, sir—er—what would you say?

"How do I know? I haven't seen the bride."

The Septuagint.

Septuagint means seventy. The septuagint version of the Old Testament originated, according to Aristaeus, as follows: Ptolemy Philadelphus (284-247 B.C.) when engaged in making a collection of the laws of all nations for the great Alexandrine library was advised by his librarian to have the Jewish Scripture translated into Greek, and the king had the work done by seventy (or seventy-two) learned Jews from Jerusalem. The letter of Aristaeus is probably mythical, but the substance of the story it tells is probably quite true.

The Term "Bully."

The term bully in the days of Shakespeare had quite a different meaning from that which it has at present, being an expression of endearment and good fellowship. Some suppose that the word, when it is used in approval, is derived from the Dutch boel or German buhle, which stands for the English lover. The harsher use of the word is, however, to be traced to below, the root of bull, with a significance of noisy blustering.

Paying For the Bait.

Husband—Here's an enormous bill for a ball dress. What does it mean? Wife—Ah, you remember that green robe I wore at the ball at which I was introduced to you last year. Husband—S-o! Do you mean to say, then, that I am to pay for the trap in which I was caught?—London Telegraph.

Pepys and Evelyn come to our aid from the middle to the end of the seventeenth century and prove conclusively that the old fashioned winter is a myth. The dairies of these famous writers have been analyzed, and as a result it is found that falls of snow are mentioned only thirteen times over nearly sixty years, while exceptionally heavy storms are referred to only three times.

In the same period there were but six prolonged frosts, and apparently only the famous one of 1683-4 and another a few years later were so severe as the modern ones of 1890-1 and 1895. In January, 1661, Pepys comments on the mild winter, and in December of the following year he notes that he awoke to find the roofs covered with snow, which he had not seen for three years.

Evelyn has the same story to tell—a few hard winters and many mild ones. Such years were 1686-7, Dec. 29. "Little appearance of winter as yet," and 1692-3, Feb. 4. "Hitherto an exceedingly mild winter—an extraordinarily dry and warm season, without frost and like a new spring, such as has not been known for many years."

Here and there we come across references to the weather which are just like the letters written to modern newspapers informing readers that "roses and primroses were in bloom in my garden on Christmas day." Gilbert White's record of the weather between 1768 and 1798 helps to end the myth, for the same number of years at the present day would show pretty much the same sort of weather, as thirteen of the Decembers were mild and wet.

There were mild winters in the beginning of the nineteenth century, as well as one or two severe ones, so that we may rest assured that the "old fashioned winter" was just like the new fashioned ones.—Ernest C. Culbrook in London Family Herald.

Stuck to His Rule.

He had just been discharged from the service, owing to wounds, and thought to raise a few pounds by writing his reminiscences of twelve months' fighting. Having completed the manuscript while in hospital, he offered it to a publisher for £100. It was a very small volume, and such a price made the publisher raise his eyes in surprise and inquire the reasons for such a demand. "My dear sir," replied the author, "it has been a point of honor with me, as a soldier, always to sell my life as dearly as possible."—London Chronicle.

It is his whole life, not a few incidents of it, that proves the man.—Boeve.

His Own Boss.

After a man has succeeded in gratifying a long felt desire to be his own boss he is likely to find that he has taken on a burden of responsibility which mars the joy over his success.

Considerate.

"The most considerate wife I ever heard of," said the philosopher, "was a woman who used to date all her letters a week or so ahead to allow her husband time to post them."

the same size near the edge of a table. In the right hand one put an egg, just fitting the rim of the glass. Hold the bases of the glasses firmly down, the top rims touching each other. Now with a quick, sharp breath blow upon the line where the egg and the glass meet. The egg will jump to the other glass. With a little practice this can be done every time. Be careful to blow in a line with the left hand glass, or the egg will jump in the wrong direction and land on the table.

Submarine Wonders of Hawaii.

Nowhere in this wide world are there such rainbow fish as in Hawaii, of every color and shade and hue. If there is any tint or grandeur of tints in the prism that is not reflected in the scales of the finny tribes in the waters around the islands I should like to see it. A visit to the Honolulu aquarium (far superior as it is to the world famous one in Naples), or to the Coral gardens, where we see the fish through a glass bottomed boat, disporting themselves in their own front yards, so to speak, is well worth while.

Go Light on Buckshot.

Buckshot should be relegated to the past along with the buffalo gun and the market hunter's "cannon." It will inflict a painful wound upon deer and yet will not kill except at very close quarters. Even the poorest shot can usually score a hit with buckshot, and he will in nine cases out of ten be tempted into "letting her have it" when the game is absolutely out of effective range. About the only useful purpose for which buckshot can be recommended is in self defense against a human enemy at close range.—Outing.

The Total Sum.

The three children came and stood in a row in front of their mother.

"Mamma," they said, "what would you like for your birthday?"

The mother looked down benignly upon the group and answered:

"My dears, mamma wants nothing for her birthday, nothing but three good children. She'd like that."

"But then, mamma," cried the eldest, "then we'd be six."

Had an Answer.

"She looked killing."

"How can a woman look killing?" demanded the purist.

"I suppose it is when she looks daggers," answered the resourceful party of the first part.

They Mostly Do.

She (recalling college days)—What became of our man of might? He—Oh, he married the woman of mustn't—Judge.

Where Speed Doesn't Count.

"Mamma," complained a little one recently, "teacher won't let me sing any more, and I'm the fastest singer in school too."

Quarantined.

Mother (to district health visitor)—I declare to goodness, miss, there ain't no danger of infection. Them children wot's got the measles is at the head of the bed, and them wot ain't is at the foot.

A large assortment of E Ivory Toilet Goods for the at WALLACE'S Limited, the drug store.

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E MARKETS

June 5.—Chicago markets account of primary elections.

INTO DAIRY MARKET.

earmery, fresh-squares.....	0 20	0 31
earmery, solids.....	0 28	0 30
parator, dairy.....	0 25	0 28
dairy.....	0 23	0 25
eggs, dozen.....	0 26
eggs, cartons.....	0 28	0 29
ld, per lb.....	0 21	0 21 1/2
ew, per lb.....	0 19	0 20

AIN AND PRODUCE.

VTO, May 5.—The Board of official market quotations:

a Wheat (Track, Bay Ports).

northern, \$1.16.

northern, \$1.15 1/4.

northern, \$1.11 1/4.

ba Oats (Track, Bay Ports).

W., 50 1/2 c.

W., 49 1/2 c.

o. 1 feed, 49 1/2 c.

ed, 48 1/2 c.

American Corn.

yellow, 73 1/2 c. track, bay ports;

Toronto.

ats (According to Freights Outside).

white, 48c to 49c.

Wheat (According to Freights Outside).

nominal, \$1 to \$1.01.

ommmercial, 98c to 99c.

ommmercial, 94c to 95c.

heat, nominal, 90c to 91c.

according to Freights Outside).

nominal, \$1.70.

ng to sample, \$1.25 to \$1.50.

according to Freights Outside).

barley, 68c to 67c.

rley, 63c to 64c.

i (According to Freights Outside).

1. 70c to 71c.

according to Freights Outside).

ommmercial, nominal, 93c to 95c.

anitoba Flour (Toronto).

ents, in jute bags, \$6.70.

patents, in jute bags, \$6.20.

bakers', in jute bags, \$6.

o Flour (Prompt Shipment).

according to sample, \$4.20 to 20 to

bag, track, Toronto; \$4.25 to

to seaboard.

(Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal

Freights).

er ton, \$23.

per ton, \$25.

zs, per ton, \$25 to \$26.

ed flour, per bag, \$1.70 to \$1.75.

Hay (Track, Toronto).

est grade, per ton, \$19 to \$21.

W. grade, per ton, \$16 to \$18.

PEG GRAIN MARKET.

PEG, June 5.—Wheat was up 1/4 c

in the local market today. Oats

hanged to 1/4 lower; flax was

down. The absence of a Chi-

ket made it a very quiet day,

yet lacked support, yet the tone

ly.

Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
1.10	1.10 1/4	1.09 1/2	1.09 1/2
1.06 1/2	1.07	1.06 1/2	1.06 1/2
1.06	1.06	1.05 1/2	1.05 1/2

... .44% .44% .44% .44%

... .39% .39% .39% .39%

... 1.60% 1.60% 1.60 1.60

... 1.55% 1.55% 1.55% 1.55%

VERPOOL MARKETS.

POOL, June 5.—Close—Wheat

eady: No. 1 Manitoba, 11s 1d;

anitoba, 10s 1d; No. 3 Mani-

nd; No. 1 northern spring, 11s;

western winter, 10s 1d.

Spot quiet; American mixed,

5d.

Winter patents, 47s.

Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 84s.

Cumberland cut, 24 to 30 lbs.,

ort ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 83s; clear

to 16 lbs., 85s; long clear, mid-

28 to 34 lbs., 85s; do, heavy,

lbs., 83s; short clear backs, 16

80s; shoulders, square, 11 to

48s.

Prime western, in tierces, new,

old, 74s 6d; American, refined,

1 boxes, 71s.

Canadian, finest white, new

98s; colored, new and old, 98s.

time—Spirits, 44s.

PRIME MARKETS

NION STOCK YARDS.

TO, May 5.—Receipts of

By-Law No.

A By-Law to provide for borrowing \$10,000.00 upon Debentures to pay for the cost of constructing substantial macadam pavements on the streets named in the schedule attached hereto.

Passed the day of 1916.

WHEREAS it is necessary and desirable in the public interest to construct substantial macadam pavements upon the highways in the town of Napanee as set forth in the schedule attached hereto, and

WHEREAS in order thereto it is necessary to borrow the sum of \$10,000.00 on the credit of the Corporation and to issue debentures therefore, bearing interest at the rate of 5 1/2 per cent. per annum which is the amount of the debt to be created by this by-law, and

WHEREAS it is expedient to make the principal of said debt repayable in yearly sums during the period of ten years of such amounts respectively that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest in any year shall be equal as nearly as may be to the amount so payable for principal and interest in any of the other years, and

WHEREAS it will be necessary to raise annually the sum of \$1326.67 during the period of ten years to pay the said sums of principal and interest as they become due, and

WHEREAS the whole rateable property of the Town of Napanee according to the last revised assessment roll is the sum of \$1,399.057 and the existing debenture debt, exclusive of local improvement debts secured by special acts, rates or assessment is the sum of \$70,036.68, of which there is no part of the principal or interest in arrears.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Municipality and he is authorized and instructed to sign and issue said debentures hereby authorized to be issued and to cause the same to be signed by the Treasurer of the said Municipality and the Clerk of the said Municipality is hereby authorized and instructed to attach the seal of the said Municipality to the said debentures.

2. That for the purpose of raising the sum of \$10,000.00, ten debentures of the said Town of Napanee in the sum of \$1326.67 each shall be issued on the 1st day of August, 1916, each of which debentures shall be dated on the date of the issue thereof and shall be payable one on the 1st day of August in each of the years from 1917 to 1926 both inclusive at the office of the Treasurer of the Town of Napanee without interest. The interest calculated at the rate of 5 1/2 per cent. per annum on said loan having been included in the amount of the said debentures.

3. That during the currency of said debentures there shall be raised annually by special rate on all the rateable property of the Town of Napanee the sum of \$1326.67 for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of the said debentures.

4. The said debentures shall be sold

the town of Napanee have by a three-fourths vote of all the members thereof determined that it is in the public interest to fix the assessment of the land and premises and property of the Napanee Curling-Bowling Limited used solely for the purpose of a curling rink and bowling green and for a place of sport, recreation and amusement, and

Whereas the said Napanee Curling-Bowling Limited were incorporated by Letters Patent under the Ontario Companies Act on the 18th of May, 1916. Therefore the Municipal Council of the town of Napanee by a majority of three-fourths of all the members of the said council enacts as follows:

1. That from and after the first day of January, 1916, and continuously for the term of ten years thereafter the following lands, namely: All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the town of Napanee in the County of Lennox and Addington more fully described as follows: Commencing on Thomas street at the south east corner of lot number one and at a distance of one hundred and thirty-two feet from East street and thence easterly along Thomas street eighty-five feet more or less to the County property, thence northerly parallel to East street and following the westerly boundary of the said County property three hundred and thirty feet, thence westerly parallel to Thomas street to the north east corner of lot number five on the east side of Thomas street, thence southerly parallel to East street three hundred and thirty feet to the place of beginning and the buildings to be erected thereon and which may hereafter become liable to taxation shall be assessed, at the sum of \$500.00 per year for all municipal purposes excepting for school taxes and for local improvements.

2. It is expressly understood that if any part of the lands above described is used for any purpose excepting for the purpose for which the company has been incorporated it is to be assessed the same as though this by-law had not been passed.

This by-law shall come into force and take effect after it has been submitted to the electors entitled to vote thereon and has received the assent of the electors so voting and after the final passing thereof.

Mayor

Clerk.

The foregoing is a true copy of a proposed by-law and if the assent of the electors is obtained to it it will be taken into consideration by the Council after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication which said date of the first publication is the 26th day of May, 1916, and any tenant who is entitled to vote and who desires to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later than ten days before the day appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by sub-section 3 of section 265 of the Municipal Act, and

TAKE NOTICE that the vote upon said by-law shall be taken on the 19th day of June, 1916, at the following places, namely:

East Ward—Normile's shop.
Centre Ward No. 1—Town Hall.

Centre Ward No. 2—Mrs. Cronk's residence.

West Ward No. 1—Frank Kinkley's residence.

West Ward No. 2—Public Library.

W. A. GRANGE,

HELP FOR WORKING WOMEN

Some Have to Keep on Until They Almost Drop. How Mrs. Conley Got Help.

Here is a letter from a woman who had to work, but was too weak and suffered too much to continue. How she regained health:

Frankfort, Ky.—"I suffered so much with female weakness that I could not do my own work, had to hire it done. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I tried it. I took three bottles and I found it to be all you claim. Now I feel as well as ever I did and am able to do all my own work again. I

recommend it to any woman suffering from female weakness. You may publish my letter if you wish."—Mrs. JAMES CONLEY, 516 St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.

No woman suffering from any form of female troubles should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it will be confidential.

PRUDENCE IN EATING.

Healthful Diet For a Person of Indoor Occupation.

In the American Magazine Dr. E. W. Bowers gives a diet suited to the average wealthy person of indoor occupation.

An ordinary domestic egg equals about eight grams of protein. This is approximately the amount contained in a cubic inch of steak or in a half pint glass of milk. A generous slice of bread contains about four grams of protein. The quantity of potatoes ordinarily dispensed at a meal equals two and a half grams.

Allowing for our inability completely to extract all the protein from any given amount of food and convert it into assimilable pabulum, a liberal modicum of albumen would be twice Hindhede's protein formula, or fifty grams—this, remember, for an entire day.

Therefore a regular egg, five ounces of beefsteak and a glass of milk should supply for twenty-four hours all the protein the system requires. The balance of the diet should consist of starches, sugars, fats and plenty of cellulose or hay. This can best be found in vegetables, such as tomatoes, carrots, celery, turnips, beets, lettuce, squash and all that grand group of horse foods containing much fiber and little nutriment.

THE AMERICAN SANATORIUM

THE MARKET

ION STOCK YARDS.

NTO, May 5.—Receipts of cattle, 725 hogs, 321 sheep and 155 calves. Market might fairly be classified

—Of the best butchers one or sold at \$9.85 and the best run was from \$9.40 to \$9.60. Good brought from \$8.75 to \$9.40, and butchers from \$7.75 to \$8.50. Choice cows were off fully 25c selling at from \$7.50 to \$8., and from \$6.75 to \$7.50 per cwt. Choice bulls were slow of sale at \$8.75.

—Good feeders were in fair demand, weighing from \$60 to \$90, ranging from \$7.75 to \$8.75.

—Choice breeding stockers from 700 to 800 were worth \$8., and stock heifers \$6.75

—Choice milch cows sold from \$75 to \$90. There were no orders for milch cows and was very light.

—Logs sold from \$10.65 to \$10.75, f/cars and \$10.25 to \$10.35 fed.

—Lambs and calves were steady in price.

TREAS LIVE STOCK.

EAL, June 5.—At the Mont-yards, West End Market, to-eater of the trading was the easter for cattle and prices down to 50c per cwt., as compared week. At the reduction there was good demand from packers, choice steers selling at all lots selling as high as \$9.50

pathy with the higher prices other Canadian centres for live longer feeding prevailed locally selected stock and prices in advance of 25c per cwt. stock was weaker, 25c to 100 per. Selected lots sold at \$11.25, while rough lots sold \$11.25. Sows sold at \$9 to stags at \$5.50 to \$5.85 per cwt., f/cars. The tone of the market continues firm under a and for both local consumption shipment to the U.S. Choice at 8½ to 9½c, good at 7½c to m at 5c to 6½c and culs at per lb. live weight.

—Demand for sheep was fair at s, but the tone of the market lambs was easier. Prices for ed lower, at \$4.50 to \$6.60 per

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

UFFALO, N.Y., June 5.—Cattle, 4000; fairly active; shipped to \$10.80; butchers, \$7.75 to \$7.50 to \$9.; cows, \$4.50 to \$5.50 to \$8.25; stockers and 1.75 to \$8.; stock heifers, \$6.50 fresh cows and springers, slow receipts, 1500; active; \$4.50 to \$5.50; active; heavy \$8.70 to \$9.75; yearlings, \$9 to \$8.75 to \$9.; roughs, \$8.50 to \$8.50 to \$7.25.

—Lamb—Receipts, 3000; active; \$5.50 to \$10.; yearlings, \$5 to \$7.75 to \$8.; ewes, \$4 to \$7.25; lamb, \$7.25 to \$7.50; spring to \$12.

Child Drowned.

IAM, June 6.—James Elma aged 21 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. Conroy, concession 9, Bearer Township, was drowned after three o'clock Saturday in the ditch on the opposite of the road to the house.

assortment of Ebony and let Goods for the Xmas trade ACE'S Limited, the leading

STORIA

Infants and Children
For Over 30 Years

of *Char H. Fletcher*

each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of the said debt.

4. The said debentures shall be sold and the proceeds thereof shall be applied in paying, and discharging the cost of the construction of the said pavements and in no other way or for no other purpose whatever. The macadam pavements to be constructed under the authority of this by-law are on the streets named in the schedule attached hereto and marked schedule "A".

5. This by-law shall come into force and take effect after it has been submitted to the electors entitled to vote thereon and has received the assent of the electors so voting and after the final passing thereof.

Mayor.

Clerk.

SCHEDULE "A".

1. Centre St., from Dundas St., northerly to the Grand Trunk Rail-way tracks.

2. Dundas St., from Adelphi St., easterly to the iron bridge.

3. Dundas St., from Donald St., westerly to the Corporation limits.

4. The Belleville Road from Bridge St., westerly to the Corporation limits.

5. The Selby Road from the Grand Trunk Railway tracks northerly to the Corporation limits.

6. The Camden Road from Thomas St., northerly to the intersection of the Newburgh Road at Vine's corners, and thence easterly along said Newburgh Road to the Corporation limits.

7. Bridge St., from Adelphi St., easterly to Dundas St.

The foregoing is a true copy of a proposed by-law and if the assent of the electors is obtained to it it will be taken into consideration by the Council after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication which said date of the first publication is 26th day of May, 1916, and any tenant who is entitled to vote and who desires to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later than ten days before the day appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by sub-section 3 of section 265 of the Municipal Act, and

TAKE NOTICE that the vote upon said by-law shall be taken on the 19th day of June, 1916, at the following places, namely:

East Ward—Normile's shop..... R. S. Wales

Centre Ward No. 1—Town Hall..... J. M. Graham

Centre Ward No. 2—Mrs. Cronk's residence, W. Metcalf

West Ward No. 1—Frank Kinkley's

residence..... W. C. Bowen

West Ward No. 2—Public Library..... C. H. Lapum

2. The Clerk shall attend at his office in the Town of Napanee at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon on the 20th day of June, 1916, to sum up the number of votes given for and against the two proposed by-laws and the Mayor shall attend at his office in the Town of Napanee at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon on the 17th day of June, 1916, for the appointment of persons to attend at the polling places and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing the by-laws.

West Ward No. 1—Frank Kinkley's residence.

West Ward No. 2—Public Library.

W. A. GRANGE,

Clerk.

By-Law No.

A by-law for fixing the assessment of the Napanee Curling-Bowling Limited for a term of ten years.

Passed the day of , 1916.

Whereas the Napanee Curling-Bowling Limited of the town of Napanee are proposing to construct and use a curling rink and bowling green in the town of Napanee and have agreed in consideration of the passing of this by-law to erect a building suitable for their purposes, and

Whereas the Municipal Council of

"^{new} "aru No. 1—FRANK KINKLEY residence.
West Ward No. 2—Public Library.

W. A. GRANGE,

Clerk.

By-Law No. 990.

A By-Law to provide for taking the vote of the electors upon a by-law authorizing the construction of macadam pavements on certain highways in the Town of Napanee and for borrowing the sum of \$10,000.00 to provide for the cost thereof and upon a by-law fixing the assessment of Napanee Curling, Bowling Limited.

Passed the 23rd day of May, 1916.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Napanee, enacts as follows:

1. That the 19th day of June, 1916, shall be the day upon which the vote of the electors entitled to vote thereon shall be taken respectively upon the two several by-laws, one for the construction of macadam pavements on certain highways of the Town of Napanee and to raise the sum of \$10,000.00 by debentures to pay for the cost thereof, and the other to fix the assessment of the Napanee Curling, Bowling Limited at \$500.00 and on said date a poll shall be opened beginning at nine o'clock in the forenoon and continuing until five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day at the following polling places and by the following Deputy Returning Officers:

Polling Deputy
Sub-Division Returning Officer

East Ward—

Normile's Shop..... R. S. Wales

Centre Ward No. 1—

Town Hall..... J. M. Graham

Centre Ward No. 2—

Mrs. Cronk's residence, W. Metcalf

West Ward No. 1—

Frank Kinkley's

residence..... W. C. Bowen

West Ward No. 2—

Public Library..... C. H. Lapum

2. The Clerk shall attend at his office in the Town of Napanee at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon on the 20th day of June, 1916, to sum up the number of votes given for and against the two proposed by-laws and the Mayor shall attend at his office in the Town of Napanee at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon on the 17th day of June, 1916, for the appointment of persons to attend at the polling places and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing the by-laws.

Mayor. Clerk.

A New Disease.

An excuse to a Chicago schoolteacher read:

"She was sick she had a head egg and a tooth egg and a ear egg. She could not go to school, she was laying all the time in bed."

Not After the Best.

"She says she wouldn't marry the best man on earth. Plenty of girls say that. Idle talk, eh?"

"Oh, I don't know. Some girls actually mean it. Some of them are looking for wealth."

squash and all that grand group of horse foods containing much fiber and little nutriment.

"Try this regimen for awhile and see if fermentation, headache, insomnia, rheumatism, nervousness and "that tired feeling" do not disappear like snow upon the desert's dusty face. And when they do, remember that the chances of later developing Bright's disease, hardening of the arteries and heart failure have been reduced to the irreducible minimum.

"The eating game is the most important in life."

CHIMNEYS ON LAMPS.

Why They Prevent the Lighted Wicks From Smoking.

When a lamp is burning without a chimney it generally smokes. That is because the oil which is coming up through the wick is being only partially burned. The carbon, which is about one-half of what the oil contains, is not being burned at all and goes off into the air in little black specks with the gases which are thrown off. The reason the carbon is not burned when the chimney is off is that there is not sufficient oxygen from the air combining with it as it is separated from the oil in the partial combustion that is going on.

To make the carbon in the oil burn you must mix it with plenty of oxygen at a certain temperature, and this can only be done by forcing sufficient oxygen through the flame to bring the heat of the flame to the point where the carbon will combine with it and burn.

When you put the chimney on the lamp you create a draft which forces more oxygen through the flame, brings the heat up to the proper temperature and enables the carbon to combine with it and burn. When you take the chimney off again the heat goes down when the draft is shut off and the lamp smokes again.

The chimney also protects the flame of the lamp from drafts from the sides and above and helps to make a brighter light, because a steady light is brighter than a flickering one.

The draft created by the chimney also forces the gases produced by the burning oil up and away from the flame. Some of these gases have a tendency to put out a light or a fire.

Jamaica.

The English admirals Penn and Venables captured and held the Island of Jamaica in 1655. The Spanish were entirely expelled in 1658. The capture was part of the effort under Cromwell to crush Spanish power in the West Indies. The whole island had been divided among eight noble Spanish families, who had so discouraged immigrants that the population in 1655, both white and slave, did not exceed 3,000.

True Enough.

"What is the plural of man, Johnny?" asked a teacher of a small pupil.

"Men," answered Johnny.

"Correct," said the teacher. "And what is the plural of child?"

"Twins," was the unexpected reply.

Shiloh 25

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

QUALITY IN GROCERIES

Means Something.

We aim to have everything we offer you of the best quality. Kept clean, and delivered to you in equally good condition.

Groceries, Fruits, Fresh Vegetables.

Everything you need in the Grocery Line.

We guarantee our goods and if there is any complaint let us know it.

M. B. JUDSON, Napanee.

Near Public Library.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,

June 5th, 1916.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor G. F. Ruttan in the chair.

Present—Reeve Osborne, and Councillors Denison, Ming, Paul, Graham and Steacy.

The minutes of the last regular and special session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from J. E. Madden, on behalf of his client, Mr. Geo. Walker, Newburgh, asking for \$4.00 damage for broken spring on his automobile, caused by defective road on Dundas street, at the corner of Adelphi street. The accident happened on May 25th.

Referred to the Streets Committee with power to act.

Mr. T. Scrimshaw appeared before the council in reference to his taxes.

Referred to Finance Committee.

A petition was read from John Wilson and others asking the council for a tile drain on the south side of Thomas street, to begin at Mr. Walker's residence and continue east to the creek. The old one is of no value to those who wish to use it. The new drain would be used for drainage purposes only.

Referred to the Streets Committee to report.

Coun. Graham brought to the attention of the council the question of the purchase of a mixer to be used in the building of cement walks. He stated that Mr. Connolly, of Yarker, manufactured a suitable machine at a cost of \$175.00, which might be bought and paid for in one, two or three installments. In his opinion a machine for the purpose spoken of would be a money-saver, to say nothing of the extra efficiency in the cement walks built by the fact of a more perfect mixture of the materials used.

The Streets Committee were instructed to have Mr. Connolly give a demonstration of his machine, and the committee could then report back to the council.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee reported recommending that the supplies asked for by the firemen be purchased by the Committee, and that a report as to prices be made.

The Town Property Committee reported that upon examination they had found the Disposal Works in a very bad shape. They found the sludge well full, and also were of the opinion that water was leaking into the well from the bottom. The filtration beds were also in bad shape, being covered with mud, which prevented them from fulfilling the purposes for which they were put there. They asked that the Town Property Committee be empowered to have the plant put in good working order, also that the present caretaker be furnished assistance in cleaning the sludge well.

Report adopted.

It was afterwards agreed upon that no action would be taken regarding the repairs to the sludge well until an estimate of the cost of such repairs had been submitted to the council.

The Town Property Committee reported that the Public Library was in very much need of repairs. The building needed painting and the windows, roof, eavetroughing, and outside steps needed repairing, and they recommended that the work be done.

The report was adopted, except that portion referring to painting the building.

The Town Property Committee also reported that the Harvey Warner Tablet would probably be in place in the Harvey Warner Park by Thursday, and suggested that Mayor Ruttan and W. S. Herrington, K.C., be asked to be present on a fixed date for the purpose of unveiling the Memorial Tablet. Also that the Citizens' Band be asked to be in attendance.

Report adopted.

A by-law was passed appointing Coun. J. E. Robinson a member of the Court of Revision.

It was finally decided that the Court of Revision meet in the Council Chamber, on Monday next at 7.30 p.m.

Mayor Ruttan, on behalf of the delegation to Toronto, presented the following report, which speaks for

found no precedent in the department to settle the question as this is the first time any school board had ever asserted such a right, but that it was a legal question on the interpretation of the statutes and he referred the matter and the deputation to the Attorney General's office, believing that the opinion of the Attorney General would bind the government and bind all parties interested.

Your deputation then called on the Honourable Mr. Lucas and placed the matter before him and he undertook to give a decision in a very few days which will settle the matter once and for all and thus avoid any friction or any unpleasantness between the school board and the town council.

Your deputation was introduced to the Honourable Mr. Macdiarmid on the question of a contribution by the government to the town of Napanee, to assist in permanently building sections of the streets of Napanee which are designated as part of the county road system of the county and upon which it is intended to expend the ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) to be raised under the by-law to be voted on on the 19th of June. The Minister assured the deputation that he would do everything possible to assist them and when he received the report of the government engineer which visited Napanee on Friday last he would take up the matter seriously, and if it could be done without embarrassing the government a grant would be made to the town for those portions of the roads which were butted by farm lots, it would be about one and four-fifths miles, which would be roughly about two thousand or two thousand five hundred dollars, and that he would not only send his engineer down to inspect the roads at present, but that the department would furnish a skilled engineer for one or two or more weeks to go to Napanee, and without expense, to superintend the work and see that it was properly laid out and started. The government engineer, when here on Friday, went over the roads and stated that he would report to the department in favor of the town receiving its forty per cent.

grant on the one and four-fifths miles of roads, and we have every hope that ultimately a substantial rebate will be obtained from the government which will reduce by that amount the amount of debenture that would require to be sold under the by-law. Your deputation, when in Toronto, following up the resolution passed by the town council some time since, called upon the Honourable James Duff, Minister of Agriculture, and laid before him the claims of the county of Lennox and Addington to have an experimental agricultural school and farm established in this county for Eastern Ontario. The Minister held out every encouragement to the deputation that the county of Lennox and Addington would be seriously considered as soon as the plans of the government had been settled.

Your deputation then called upon the Honourable Mr. Ferguson in connection with the Hydro Electric purchase of the Seymour Power Co., and in connection with a letter which the town council had received stating that after March 1st, 1916, the Hydro Electric would pay no more taxes to Napanee, which meant a loss of from eight hundred to thirteen hundred dollars per annum of taxes. After a lengthy argument with the Minister

CANADIANS IN TERRIFIC

LONDON, June 4.—According to information received to-night M. S. Mercer has been severely injured and was taken prisoner at Boulogne.

Gen Victor Williams, who

panied Gen. Mercer, was also injured and was taken prisoner. The following four officers part in the recent fighting at London at a late hour to-night W. Enver, 49th, abrasions Lieut. Peu, C.M.R., wound Lieut. Drabble, 49th, wound and suffering from shell sh. Lieut. Paton, C.M.R., scalp All wounds are slight.

British Headquarters in Saturday, June 3.—(Via Lon 4, 10.30 p.m.)—Around Fance and Sanctuary Wood, the have been doing the stiffest their experience in the cour last two days' action. They the entire front attacked, the fighting spreads, this is their battle.

The Canadian troops enga fighting were in the brigade ed by Brig.-Gen. Victor This brigadi included four of the C.M.R., the Princess the Royal Canadian Regime

The German guns had bee ly quiet for some days, suddenly opened up the bombardment any Canadian has known, using all kinds from heavy howitzers to tars, not only battering the but covering a wide area of the rear to prevent the bring supports.

"But it was not this time, early battles on the Ypres when the Germans threw th shells to our one," said "The British guns returned unies on the Germans after in our trenches."

HAND-TO-HAND FIGH

Under support of gunfire, adian battalions, maintaining tion of the first contingent St. Julien, immediately turn Germans in a series of count They fought throughout the were engaged all Saturday bombing their way back to sion of the position which lost. Parties rushed in at points, bombing and bayone and left, and before their fl was ended they had regai a few yards.

The German advance had over a front of 3000 yards, fr Comines railway to Hooge w was the most extensive fro recent attack, and the responded to the test coolly fully. In the Hooge sector man attack was stopped w loss.

NO CHANGE ON SUN

The British official statem Sunday midnight, says: "tion around Ypres had not altered. There have been bombardments and our tro the ground regained in oth attacks yesterday. No fre have been undertaken by us

The British official statem Sunday morning reads:

"Fighting of a very se continued unceasingly so Ypres, between Hooge and Menin railway. Following initial advantage obtained

demonstration of his machine, and the committee could then report back to the council.

On motion of Councillors Ming and Denison, Mr. Geo. Grieve will be asked to appear before the council in reference to complaints that he is not fulfilling his contract satisfactorily in the matter of street sprinkling, etc.

CORN IS KING

—AT—

SYMINGTON'S

Selling now at WHOLESALE PRICES. Buy now and insure germination.

GARDEN SEEDS
AS USUAL.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT.

A REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

AT ONCE

for Napanee and District for
THE OLD RELIABLE FONTHILL
NURSERIES.

Farmers! Why remain idle all winter when you can take up a paying agency?

Choice list of varieties for spring planting.

Liberal Terms. Handsome Free Outfit. Exclusive Territory.

Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
TORONTO, ONT.

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD PANELED WALLS AND CEILINGS?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD

can be used in new or remodeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.

APPLY TO



MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO

Mayor Ruttan, on behalf of the delegation to Toronto, presented the following report, which speaks for itself:

To the Municipal Council of the Town of Napanee.

We, your deputation to go to Toronto and interview the several ministers of the crown, on the following matters, report as follows:

We arranged with T. G. Carscallen, M.P.P., and W. J. Paul M.P., and Mr. T. B. German, who is one of the executors of the estate of R. M. Schemehorn, to accompany us to Toronto. The executors of the Schemehorn estate had expressed a willingness to appropriate a portion of the residue of the estate, which was in their hands to apply to such charities as they saw fit, to be applied upon, first, in depositing with the government ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) to secure an income for the Children's Aid Society in the county of Lennox and Addington, and wished to know if the government would accept this amount in trust, to pay over the income at five or six per cent. to the Children's Aid for the county for all time to come, thus relieving the county council to that amount in their liability to support the society. And further the executors said they were ready to give the county sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000) to construct a House of Refuge for the county and they wished to have the question settled as to whether the government would treat such an amount in the same way as if it had been expended by the County Council and under the statute and advance four thousand dollars (\$4,000) to aid the construction. The town council was willing to supplement this amount by three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in their hands in trust from the Wright estate. Mr. German took advantage of the deputation going to Toronto to be with them and have this question settled. The Honourable the Provincial Secretary assured Mr. German that they would accept the ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) in trust and pay the income on a five per cent. basis for all time to the Children's Aid Society of the county, and that they would treat the sixteen thousand dollars, if appropriated to a house of refuge, as if it were county funds and would guarantee the further advance by the government of four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and he expressed the trust and hope that the executors would apply their residue to these charities, when it was explained to him that the executors were not bound to any particular form of charity in paying out the residue of the estate. The deputation was pleased to aid the matter as much as they could while in Toronto, and no doubt the question will be brought before the county council at the June sittings.

Your deputation waited upon the Honourable Dr. Pyne and explained to him the question as to the right of the school board to carry forward a large balance of about six thousand dollars each year and at the same time make a requisition for a full year's business from the town, and ask the town to strike the school rate on this basis. This matter had been referred by your body to the Finance Committee to look into and consider and they had failed by correspondence to get satisfactory statement of the question by the Minister of Education. The Minister was therefore interviewed by the deputation and he stated that they had been considering the matter seriously but that they had

lars per annum of taxes. After a lengthy argument with the Minister he conceded the fact that properties owned by the government and purchased from the Seymour Power Co., when occupied by tenants, would pay taxes and the tenants should be liable for such taxes, which cover such cases as Oldford Manufacturing Company, the Waller & Dafoe mill, The Napanee Water Works Co., and the business office of the company on Dundas street. The other question as to how far the contracts between the town and the Seymour Power Co. deprived the government as purchasers from the Seymour Power Co. of the statutory right of being exempt from taxes was referred by the Minister to the Hydro Electric Commission, and your deputation then visited the Hydro Electric Commission, and after a considerable consultation with them they asked for a statement of facts to be prepared and submitted to them when they would go into the matter fully and conceded that there was a good deal to be considered in favor of the town's position. That Napanee was in a different position from other towns, by reason of its contracts, and unless the government cancelled them by special legislation, they might have a claim for taxes on the whole property. However, this matter will be decided later on, and a brief is being prepared by the mayor to be forwarded to them.

All of which we submit to your consideration.

G.F. RUTTAN, Mayor.
MARK P. GRAHAM.

Napanee, June 5th, 1916.

Moved by Reeve Osborne, seconded by Coun. Graham, that hereafter the Mayor and Treasurer be empowered to advance to the Board of Education such sums of money as they may need from time to time. Carried.

On motion the Collector of Taxes will be notified to finally return his 1915 toll on or before June 19th.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Mayor Ruttan.....	\$ 15 80
Coun. Graham.....	15 80
Chas. Stevens	10 50
Chas. Stevens	5 60
Chas. Stevens	15 50
Chas. Stevens	5 75
P. Gleeson.....	3 90
F. E. VanLoven.....	2 00
Geo. A. Hartman.....	11 75
E. Kelly	50
E. S. Lapin.....	10 00
W. A. Grange.....	5 00
Mayor Ruttan.....	2 00
Water Works Co.....	10 00
C. A. Anderson & Son.....	3 75

An account from the Bell Telephone Co., \$2 55, was referred to the Police and Market Committee.

Napanee will celebrate Dominion Day on Monday, July 3rd, at the Driving Park. A good programme is being arranged.

Lawn Mowers.

Have your lawn mower sharpened and made ready for the season. We have the special machinery necessary to correctly grind your mower and guarantee a perfect job. Phone 198 and we will call for your mower and return it to you when sharpened.

W. J. NORMILE. 23-d

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Ypres, between Hooge and Menin railway. Following initial advantage obtained evening in penetrating cline in this neighborhood men pushed their attack night and succeeded in pushing our defences to a depth of the direction of Zillebeke.

"The Canadian troops who are holding this sector, launched counter-attack seven o'clock this morning and succeeded in driving the enemy from much of he had gained. The Canadians had with the utmost counter-attacking success heavy and continued bombardment.

"Opposite the entrance near Fricourt, north of Somme, a small party of raided the German line bringing back a few prisoners. The party had a sharp engagement with the Germans in trench and suffered casualties, but succeeded in several German dugouts.

"Southwest of Angres is carried out a successful raid. Our party entered a German disposed of the garrison and bombed five dugouts, without loss.

"To-day there has been of artillery activity about Somme. Yesterday our favored by fine weather, a much successful work."

CLIMAX OF WAR APP

A Canadian Associated from London this morning is considered here that it is granted that the which the Canadians are one of many episodes sh the tremendous climax of fast approaching. The Zillebeke is exact in that of Verdun, though in so far on a much smaller lists certainly make greater the length will not somebody who has any realization character of the German bombardment of the Canadian trenches. The enemy's hurling hour after hour, fragments everything lying near where they fall. The no immediate and judicious a military sense to this except to await one's own

The bombardment with weight such as never has previous to the last six hours through the night. There was anything of a search work to protect the retiring when to remain extermination for all.

Meanwhile the Germans ward a thin spreading of ground which their ar churned into chaos. A nearly half a mile was thus COUNTER - ATTACK DAY.

Then in the early morning there came the time inevitable counter-attack. Machine guns started with heavy fire of the disputing parties. Afterwards their supporters advanced by short rushes their heavy artillery, supporting behind, pounded the Germans disorganized the sending movements.

NS IN TERRIFIC FIGHT

June 4.—According to received to-night, Gen. has been severely injurings removed to the hospital. Williams, who accompanied Mercer, was also severely taken prisoner. ing four officers who took part fighting arrived at late hour to-night: Major 9th, abrasions in back; C.M.R., wound in face; 49th, wound in cheek from shell shock, and C.M.R., scalp wounds, slight. headquarters in France, June 3.—(Via London, June 4.) Around famous Hill 62 by Wood, the Canadians during the stiffer fighting of once in the course of the s' action. They have held ont attacked, and unless spreads, this is entirely

ian troops engaged in the e in the brigade commandants. Gen. Victor Williams, included four regiments t., the Princess Pats and Indian Regiment. in guns had been relative- some days, when they opened up the heaviest it any Canadian veteran using all kinds of guns howitzers to trench mor- y battering the trenches, a wide area of ground in prevent the bringing up of

is not this time, as in the s on the Ypres salient, Germans threw three or four at one," said an officer. guns returned equal vol- Germans after they were

O-HAND FIGHTING.

port of gunfire, the Can- tions, maintaining the tradi- st contingent last year at imediately turned on the a series of counter-attacks. throughout the night and all Saturday, doggedly their way back to the posses position which they had rushed in at different ping and bayoneting right before their fierce work they had regained all but

an advance had been made of 3000 yards, from Ypres- way to Hooge point. This extensive front of any ck, and the Canadians to the test coolly and skil- Hooge sector the Ger- was stopped with heavy

ANGE ON SUNDAY.

h official statement, issued night, says: "The situ- Ypres had not materially here have been artillery ents and our troops retain regained in other counter- erday. No fresh attacks undertaken by us."

h official statement, issued ning reads:

of a very severe nature increasingly southeast of ee Hooge and the Ypres- way. Following on their

CLASS STANDING, NAPANEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, FOR MAY

A—Excellent, B—Good, C—Fair, D—Poor.

SR. IV.—Group A—Fred Russell, Jnanita Thompson, George Foster, Donald Scott, Marjorie Johnston, George Hetherington, Edna VanSlyck, Dorothy Sagar, Jessie Hawley, Norah Gleeson, (Marion Wales, Beatrice Sweet, Harold Miller equal.)

B—Helen Wallace, Harry Clancy, Gladys Davy, Elsie Magee, Victor Jones, Margaret Daly, Rachel Kelly, Muriel Dean, Muriel Joyce, Jean Stinson, Lester Sayers, (Lois Derry, Matie Tompkins equal.)

C—Leonard Wartman, Harold Harshaw, Mildred Brown.

D—Sylvia Smith, Reggie Douglas, Margaret Kavanagh, Bessie Davis, William Judson, John R. Purdy, Ivan Spencer, Reggie Plumley.

JR. IV.—B—Mary Reeve.

C—Grace Hall, M. Papineau, G. Richardson, B. Smith, E. Waller, C. MacLean, W. Perry, B. Thompson, G. VanLuven, K. Wilson, G. Maybee.

D—M. Costigan, F. Davis, E. Metcalf, K. McLean, B. Perry, J. Pybus, M. Roblin, D. Sine, P. Vanalstine, L. Vankoughnet, M. Wood, F. Powell, G. Bott, H. Benn, G. Daly, C. Gordon, A. Harshaw, J. Judson, S. Joyce, A. Miller.

SR. III.—Group A—Annie Card, Gerald Smith, Mary Derry, Jack Stewart, Alma Wales, Reggie Woodcock, Reggie Wiseman, Helen Loyst, Walter Metzalfe, Lillie Morris.

B—Mervy Booth, Ray Walker, Elsie Moore, Ambrose Killorin, Tom Hetherington, Fred Vanalstine, Katie O'Connor, Joseph Killorin, Bessie Woodcock, Ethel Jayne, Everett Smith, Willie Barrett, Florence Walker, Josephine Baker, Eva Markle.

C—Harry Vanalstine, Violet Morris, Vivian Fxley, Albert Tomlinson, Alma Rogers, Wilbert Clarke, Edna Vankoughnet, Mark Castaldi, Thelma Sagar, Garnet Barrager.

D—Sadie Purdy, Claude Storms.

JR. III.—Group A—C. Knox, M. Daly.

B—G. Jenkins, M. Davy, H. Hull, M. Ford, C. Wilson, M. Edgar, J. McCormick, M. Kouber.

C—L. Smith, C. Walker, H. Holmes, C. McCullough, J. Coates, K. Barrett, E. Stinson, B. Reid, H. Blackadder, K. Edgecombe, E. Baughan, H. Wales, R. Grass, L. Rogers.

D—H. Kellar, G. Deschene, W. Markle, L. Conger, M. Perry, L. Perry, C. Emmons, H. Vine, R. Wales, E. Martin, M. Ford, C. Conway.

A number of pupils absent during Exams.

SR. II.—Group A—Ernest Cooke, Allan Walters, May Cooke, Elizabeth Carmichael, Tillie Waller, Billy Daly, Mary Fox, Cora Kellar, Edith Cottle, Walter Stevens, Jessie Marsh, Georgie Robinson, Helen Davy, Donald Roblin, Donald Graham, Stella Woodcock, Gertrude McLennan, Francis Mills, Lepha Woods, Francis Rogers.

B—Lillie Dubey, Josephine Loucks, Marshal Storms, Clarence McVicker, Maud Hayes, Nelda Reid, Edith Johnston, Bernice Kelly, Marjorie Markle, Sadie Stinson, Norma Ballard, Hazel Davy, Lena Marsh, Vernie Booth, Owen Tinney, Charlie Hall, Delbert Quick, George Russell, Tommy Powell, Oscar Sagar, Manly Storms.

SR. II.—Group A—L. Sampson, B. Smith, T. Booth, J. O'Connor, W. Caton, E. Osborne, H. Card, G. Davern, K. Deschene, L. Wartman.

B—C Davis, L. Irvine, C. Fox, P. Gillis, K. Dunn.

GREAT BARGAINS IN VARANDAH CHAIRS

Now on Exhibition at Special Low Prices.

Greatest Line of Parlor Suites

We ever Showed, and at Special Prices.

When these are sold prices will advance at least \$10 a Suite, as we ordered before the advance:

Come and visit us whether you buy or not.

The Gibbard Furniture Co. Limited.

SR PRIMARY—A—Harold Deline, Clara Deschene, Herman Douglas, Lorette Walker, Phyllis Shaw, Aubrey Davis, Keppal Edgar, Edna Smith.

B—Earl Pybus, Mildred Harrington, Margaret Thompson, Cecil Grass, Arthur Grass, Harold Barrett, Clarence Pennell.

JR PRIMARY—A—Mary Douglas, Helen McTaggart, Christobel Taylor, Helen Walker, Georgie Wheeler, Donald Hawley.

B—Anson Wheeler, Johnnie Wheeler.

C—Nettie Deschene, Muriel Garrison, Donald Fenwick, Agnes Holbrook, Garfield Thompson, Hazel Lucas.

D—Bessie Conger.

JR PRIMARY—A—Bernice Barns, Pauline Card, Emma Davis, Marian Grass, Helen Grange, Inene McGee, Hazel O'Neil, Emma Snider, Berneace Thompson, Martha Wheeler, Jack Grange, Colburn Harrington, Archie Wales, Elden Edgar, Aubrey Pybus, Donald Conger, Cecil McPaggart.

A 25c. bottle of our crow poison will rid your corn of crows. WAL- LACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



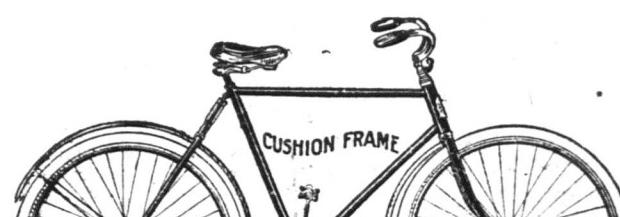
Buying a Ring

May be the event of a lifetime to you, while selling a ring is a daily occurrence to us. We fully appreciate your position as buyer and always give you a fair, square deal on sound business principles.

You will be surprised at the big value \$25.00 Solitaire Diamond Ring you can buy from us.

Engagement Rings,
Wedding Rings,
and Licenses.

Smith's Jewelry Store



... and the press. Following on their stage obtained yesterday penetrating our forward neighborhood, the Germans attack during the succeeded in pushing thru to a depth of 700 yards in Zillebeke.

Canadian troops, however, dug this sector of the inched counter-strokes at this morning, which led in gradually driving on much of the ground gained. The Canadians bear the utmost gallantry, striking successfully after a continued bombardment.

SSES WERE SEVERE.

losses were severe. A number of German dead were in the recaptured ground. Major Williams of the Canadian Division, who were in front trenches yesterday the bombardment, are

the entrant of our line at, north of the River IJssel, party of a regiment German line last night, taking a few prisoners. This sharp engagement in a ch and suffered some casualties in bombing dugouts.

at Angres last night we a successful enterprise. entered a German trench, the garrison above ground five dugouts before retreat loss.

There has been a good deal activity about the Loos yesterday our aeroplanes, the weather, accomplished useful work."

WAR APPROACHES. Associated Press Cable this morning says: It appears that it may be taken that the ordeal thru Canadians are passing is

episodes showing that the climax of the war is coming. The fighting at exact in character with us, the in intensity it is much smaller scale. They make grave reading, it will not surprise anyone any realization of the the German preliminary of the Canadian front the enemy's heavy shells, after hour blow into everything living and dead they fall. There is really no and judicious answer in respect to this kind of attack at one's own time.

ardment with shells of a as never has been known he last six months went the night. The Canadians they were posted while nothing of a semblance to protect them, sullenly in to remain only meant in for all.

The Germans pushed forward spreading of men on the ch their artillery had of chaos. A breadth of mile was thus covered.

ATTACK ON SATURDAY.

early morning of Saturday came the time for the inner-attack. The Canadian started with their dead of the disputed ground. their supporting companies by short rushes, while artillery, supporting from the German rear to be sending of reinforce-

Davern, R. Deschene, L. Hartman.

B—C Davis, L. Irvine, C. Fox, P. Kettle, K. Garratt.

C—J. McCumber, J. Davern, G. Plumley, W. Normile, S. Lucas, L. Sweet, C. Albertson.

JR. II.—Group A—J. Fox, G. McConkey.

B—D. McGee, N. Vanalstine, C. Blackadder, G. Gleeson, P. Stewart, D. Faretta.

C—A. Cavanaugh, A. King, F. Ford, I. Card, D. Miles, F. Perry, I. Garrison, O. Kellar, E. Fraser, G. Hawley, G. Smith.

D—F. Knox, C. Babcock, G. Powell, H. Sagar, J. Storms, J. Baumhauer, F. Bongard, B. Asselstine, E. Peters. SR I—Group A—B. Tinney, A. Lewis, G. Jaynes, M. Stevens, R. Black, E. MacCormack, D. Scott, F. Ballard.

B—A. Kavanah, T. McGraw, R. Thompson, C. Graham, E. Sager, A. Davy, S. Kelly, S. Simmons, N. Graham, B. Reeve, T. Hamm.

C—W. Coates, M. Corkill, J. Foster, P. Castaldi, M. Roblin.

JR I—Group A—C. McDonald, O. Babcock, A. Stevens, Jim Rogers.

B—F. Wilson, H. Lucas, Jessie Rogers, Louise Graham, L. Vanalstine, H. Irvine.

C—Kenneth Miller, Hawley Butland, Anthony Hayes.

Missed exams—Grace McGee, Howard Thompson, Ray Bongard.

I and SR PICTURE—Group A—William Gariatt, Arnold Rogers, Hone Faretta, Mary Rogers, Harry Russell, Donald Campbell, Grieve Robinson, Dorothy M. Johnston, (absent), Russel Stevens and Leslie Kellar, equal, Gladys Markle.

B—Evelyn Miller, Gordon Babcock, absent, Tony Castaldi, Doris Lucas and Edmund Harrison, equal, Rose Baker, Cora Marsh, absent, Hilda Daly, Doretha Clark, Cameron Booth, Evelyn Switzer and Dorothy G. Johnston, equal, Gladys Cook, Jim McVicker, etc.

C—Jim Plumley, Harvey Foote, Dora Kettle, Jack Powell and David Stinson, equal, Leo McVicker, Dannie Hagarty, (absent), Helen Moore, (absent).

D—Harold Barrager, George Reid, (absent), Ward Huffman, Robert Wilson and Clifford Walker, equal, Clarence Asselstine, Ralph Wilson, Florence VanVolkenburg.

JUNIOR PRIMARY—SR—A—George Dee, Maurice Martin, Ethel Tinny, Claude Fraser, Garfield Hearns, Charlie Lee, Walter Midmer, Ruth Graham, Donald Caton, Walter Exley, Frank Robinson.

B—Lilburn Cowling, Dicky Travers.

C—Edith Hodgson, Frank Russel, Earl Sweet, Lorn Uens, Tom Moffat, Helen Wilson.

D—Keitha Lewis, Leona Jenkins.

Intermediate Class—A—Hazel Frink, Dorothy Lucas, Rachel Simmons, Cecil Harrison, Grace McCabe.

B—Aubrey Wilson, Charlie Walters, Josephine McClenen, Helen Wilson, Hazel Dafoe.

C—Donald Jenkins, Durwood Conway.

JR CLASS—A—Georgina Smith, Evelyn Mills, Bernice Hartman, Ralph Vanalstine.

B—Aubrey McConkey.

C—Ola Cummings, John Baker, Jack Kellar, William Vandusen, Evelyn Barrager, Dorothy Storms.

D—Bernice Edgecomb, Earl Babcock, Robert Fraser, John Baker, Russell Storms, Harold York.

EAST WARD.

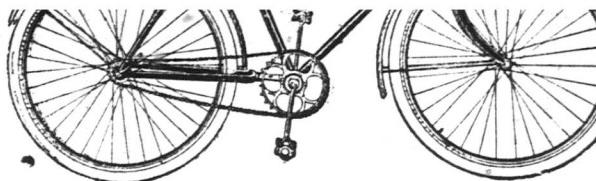
II Book—C—Florence Fenwick.

I Book—A—Joe Deschene, Grace Barns.

B—Clarence Barns, Dorothy Osborne, Tommy Barrett, Aubrey Garrison, Clarence King.

C—James Normile, Hazel Sampson.

D—Roy Pennell.



RIDE A BICYCLE !

**FOR PLEASURE
FOR HEALTH
FOR ECONOMY**

**Normile Has Hundreds to Choose From
Look over our**

Massey, Cleveland and Falcon Bicycles

Prices from \$25 to \$45.

Reliable Used Bicycles, all guaranteed sound, from \$10.00 to \$20.00.

Repairs and Accessories. Enameling. Nickel.

BICYCLE SUPPLIES.

We have the largest and best assorted stock we have ever carried. At prices to suit all purchasers.

**Tires, Bells, Luggage Carriers, Lamps,
and Pumps,**

at better prices than ever offered before. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Our long experience has taught us what you will want, and we have what you want at the lowest prices in Canada.

Our Bicycle Repair Department is up to the minute, and Promptness is our watchword.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

**W.J. NORMILE,
The Napanee Bicycle Works.**

Thrice the capacity of ordinary grates is given because the Sunshine grates are three-sided, one side at a time meeting the fire. Bulldog teeth smash clinkers easily.

McCrary's Sunshine Furnace

Wouldn't you like to know the cost of installing a Sunshine in your home? I'll gladly give you particulars without obligation.

Sold by BOYLE & SON.

Every Style Bracelet and Strap Watches

Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet Watch is one of the best buys you can make. It is a dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

HONESTY

HONESTY

There are lots of honest people in the world. If you have lost something perhaps an honorable person found it.

BRITISH AND GERMAN GRAND FLEETS IN TERRIFIC DAY AND NIGHT BATTLE OFF COAST OF DEMARK.

Britain's Admitted Losses

BATTLE CRUISERS (3).

	Complement,	Tonnage	Men
Queen Mary	26,350	1,000	
Indefatigable	18,750	750	
Invincible	17,250	750	

CRUISERS (3)

Defence	14,800	755
Black Prince	13,550	720
Warrior	13,550	704

DESTROYERS.

Tipperary, Turbulent, Fortune, Sparrow Hawk, Ardent and three others.

British war craft destroyed—14
Tonnage of lost cruisers—104,050.
Sailors on craft sunk, about 6100.
Number of rescued not announced.

Germans' admitted Losses

BATTLESHIPS (1).

	Complement,	Tonnage	Men
Pommern	13,200	700	

PROTECTED CRUISERS (1).

Frauenlob	2,600	270
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SMALL CRUISERS (1).

Wiesbaden—Tonnage and complement not given.

Admitted German loss in tonnage, 15,800. Tonnage of small cruiser Wiesbaden not included.

BRITISH CLAIMS.

German dreadnaughts of the Kaiser class blown up; one German cruiser blown up and another disabled; one German submarine sunk.

German battleship, Derfflinger or Lutzow, blown up. Another German battleship disabled and a third seriously damaged.

One German light cruiser and six German torpedo-boat destroyers were sunk and at least two more light cruisers were disabled.

Britain does not admit German claim that Battleship Warspite, tonnage 27,500, complement 1500 men, and armored cruisers Achilles I. and Achilles II., each with a tonnage of 13,550 and complement of 720 men, were sunk.

LONDON, June 2.—Picking its way from its base in the Kiel Canal, the German high sea fleet on Wednesday afternoon emerged into the North Sea, and off the coast of Jutland engaged a British fleet throughout the afternoon and night in what probably was the greatest naval battle in the world's history to far as tonnage engaged and tonnage destroyed was concerned.

When the battle ended Great Britain had lost the battle cruisers Queen Mary, Indefatigable and Invincible, the cruisers Defence, Black Prince and Warrior and eight torpedo boat destroyers, while the German battleship Pommern had been sent to the bottom by a torpedo and the cruiser Wiesbaden sunk by the British gunfire. In addition several German tor-

repeated hits were observed other German battleships engaged.

"Finally, a German sub-rammed and sunk."

SIX ZEPPELINS IN

Six zeppelins participated in the engagement, according to reports from Copenhagen to The Times. One of the dirigibles, the *W*, hit several times and badly, the report says, but she managed to reach the Schleswig coast and escape. Several of her crew were wounded, and all of her crew to be thrown overboard.

A despatch from the same clarecs it is generally stated in that the activity of the fleet was due to energetic Emperor William to his Admiral Prince Henry of commander-in-chief of the Admiral Von Capelle, minister of navy, on the emperor's week to Wilhelmshaven.

WHAT PAPERS SAY

The Graphic says this means that the statement published in the admiralty is probably the of news that the government had to communicate to the public. It may be that our cruiser was deliberately trying to the German main fleet and arrival of our main fleet was. Or it may be that the with the advantage which lins gave them, were able down upon our too venturesome. The grave fact is that splendid ships and guns they take many long months and that we have lost four thousand gallant seamen.

"All we can note on the of the account is the recognition of the Germans of the superior main fleet. As soon as ships appeared the Germans drew to the shelter of the North Sea is there the least reason that the terrible losses of will leave us with an margin of naval strength."

A despatch to the Exchequer from Copenhagen, says:

"During the retreat of the fleet large numbers of men were thrown out. To-day (Friday) German floating mines were laid in the North Sea. Fishermen a cruiser struck a mine northwest of the Wyl Lightship Blaavandshuk. Only a few of the crew were saved."

CONSTERNATION IN LONDON

The news was flashed out editions of the evening papers and caused greater consternation in the west end of London than had been witnessed on any previous occasion since the declaration of war. The frankness of the announcement concerning the nature of the British losses apparently small losses of the in comparison led to the in most minds that the British must have been led in

the world. If you have lost something perhaps an honorable person found it.

This is an honest paper and honest people read it.

Tell them about your loss in our Classified Want Ads.



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

TRAIN LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points. Connection at TRENTON for PICTON, 4.25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: *2.50 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 6.05 a.m.

For BELLEVILLE, TRENTON, PICTON and other intermediate points, 12.20 p.m., 4.25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 3.00 p.m.; *3.25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: *2.50 a.m., 10.30 a.m., 12.20 p.m., 4.25 p.m.

TRAIN ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations 3.00 p.m., *3.25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11.40 a.m., 3.00 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11.40 a.m.

From DESERONTO: *3.25 a.m., 6.05 a.m., 11.40 a.m., 3.00 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: *2.50 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 10.30 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4.25 p.m., *2.50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

* Daily.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

ROBERT LIGHT

-Dealer in-

Lumber, Lath, Shingles all grades, Wall Board and Hardwood Flooring all thicknesses and grades.] [Clear Ceiling and Siding.

-Manufacturer of-

Interior finish in Cypress and B.C. Fir, Doors, Sash, Mouldings, Stair Work and Verandah Columns.

CUT WOOD FOR SALE.

Factory and Yard, Richard Street.
Telephone 53.

Napanee, Ont.

class or Dreadnaughts is also believed to have been blown up; and a second Dreadnaught battleship sunk. These losses, if verified, would be much more serious than those of the British fleet.

The British battle cruiser fleet as it went into action consisted probably of eight Dreadnaught cruisers. Four battleships—also, no doubt, of the Dreadnaught type—were the other capital ships engaged. Of these Dreadnaughts three, the Queen Mary, Invincible and Indefatigable, were sunk. The Invincible and the Indefatigable were fine, fast ships, armed with eight 12-inch guns, and with what was regarded as adequate armor when they were built in 1907-09. The Queen Mary was almost the last word in naval design. She was completed only three years ago, and had a recorded speed of 31 knots. Her big guns numbered eight, and were of 13½-inch calibre. Her principal armor belt was over two inches thicker than that of the other battle cruisers sunk. The Black Prince, Defence and Warrior, the lost armored cruisers, were all good ships, but Britain is still very strong in this class of vessel, and the Queen Mary in a naval Armageddon ought to have been worth a dozen of such ships. The eight destroyers sunk can be made good speedily. The output is continuous.

How serious the loss of life has been is not known. If the battle cruisers sank suddenly in action their crews went down with them, and we have already learned that German warships do not draw out of the battle-line to aid drowning foes. The loss of life may total over six thousand of Britain's finest fighting men, trained in the use of the latest naval mechanism of war. That is the most serious feature of the battle of Skagerrack. The German loss of trained men, if the ships sunk number only three—a battleship and two light cruisers—would not exceed 1,500 men. A number of German destroyers were also lost, and it would not be unreasonable to add 500 men as a fair total for their crews. The British death roll of 6,000 or more will, if no other losses are reported, bear about the proportion to Britain's naval enrollment as the German loss of 2,000 bears to the total of her trained seamen and engine-room crews.

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bottom by a torpedo and the cruiser Wiesbaden sunk by the British gunfire. In addition several German torpedo craft were missing and the small cruiser Frauenlob had last been seen badly listed and was believed to have gone to the bottom. The losses have all been admitted by Great Britain and Germany.

OTHERS IN THE LIST.

Aside from Great Britain's conceded losses, Germany claims that the British battleship Warspite, sister ship of the Queen Elizabeth, and one of the largest and most powerful ships afloat, had been sunk; that the battleship Marlborough, a vessel of 25,000 tons, had been hit by a torpedo and a submarine had been destroyed. Great Britain also added to Germany's acknowledged losses, with the claim that one dreadnaught of the Kaiser class—vessels of 24,700 tons, and carrying a complement of 1,088 men—had been attacked and destroyed by British torpedo craft, that another battleship of the same class was believed to have been sunk by gunfire, that one battle cruiser had been blown up and two others damaged, and that a submarine also had been sent to the bottom.

Great Britain's admitted loss in tonnage was 114,810 for the six battle cruisers. That of Germany, excluding the tonnage of the Wiesbaden, of which vessel there is no record, 15,712. The tonnage of the capital ships sunk by the Japanese in their fight with the Russians in the battle of Tsushima, in May, 1905, aggregated 93,000. Twenty-one Russian craft were destroyed in this fight, including six battleships and four cruisers. The remainder of the sunken craft comprised coast defence and special service vessels and torpedo boats.

CASUALTIES WERE HEAVY.

That the casualties in the fighting off Jutland were heavy is indicated by the fact that of the crew of some 900 on board the Indefatigable only two men are known to have been saved.

Full details of the fight, in which zeppelins are declared to have taken part, are being gathered by the British Admiralty, and pending their receipt the censor is withholding permission to correspondents to send out stories from London.

An additional British official communication just issued, says:

"Since the first communication was issued a further report has been received from the commander-in-chief of the grand fleet, stating that it has now been ascertained that our total losses in destroyers amount to eight boats in all."

The commander-in-chief also reports that it is now possible to form a closer estimate of the losses and the damage sustained by the enemy fleet.

"One dreadnaught battleship of the Kaiser class was blown up in an attack by British destroyers and another dreadnaught battleship of the Kaiser class is believed to have been sunk by gunfire. Of the German battle cruisers, two of which are believed to be the Derflinger and the Lutzow, one was blown up; another was heavily engaged by our battle fleet and was seen to be disabled and stopping, and the third was observed to be seriously damaged."

"One German light cruiser and six German destroyers were sunk, and at least two more German light cruisers were seen to be disabled. Further,

in comparison led to the belief in most minds that the British must have been led in field.

Following quickly upon the announcement came the official version of the fight general, confirms the British but carries the claim that ship Warspite also was sunk British battleships damaged.

The German losses, according to the German version of the fight were the small cruiser Wiesbaden by gunfire, and the warship by a torpedo, while the Frauenlob and a number of boats are missing.

BIG GERMAN FLEET.

A Copenhagen despatch according to the Politiken, steamer arrived to-day (The Friedrichshaven, which had a battle in the North steamer reports that yesterday afternoon, 120 miles south of the island it was stopped by British torpedo boats to have examined.

At the same moment a large fleet appeared and the warships immediately prepared for action. The German fleet, approaching at full speed, contained five large, modern dreadnaughts and 20 torpedo boats.

Suddenly the Germans began and several hundred shells were fired around the torpedo boats however hitting them.

The British ships went pursued by the German fleet. At 11 o'clock the cannonade was continued until nine o'clock in the evening.

Two zeppelins were seen full speed northward to the battle.

The National Tidende last night ten German destroyers passed through the north, going west. The newspaper adds that boat, badly damaged, is Lyngvig Fyr near King-jol western Denmark, just north of Horn.

ZEPPELIN IN ACTI-

A despatch from Ringkjoenmark, to Reuter's under Thursday, delayed by the censors:

"From four o'clock yesterday (Wednesday), and during the greater part of the night, a heavy cannonade was heard from several points on the coast of Jutland. Many were broken here and people beds to ascertain the mean firing."

"At midnight a zeppelin struck the coast. At 11 this morning (Thursday) a German destroyer, the Noerre, Lyngvig Lightship was in trouble and unable to proceed. Three o'clock in the afternoon a German destroyer arrived a hour later with the disabled in tow."

EIGHT DESTROYERS

The British admiralty announced last night that the number of British destroyers involved in the naval engagement was

The announcement adds three German battle cruisers, the Derflinger or Lutzow, up, another was seen to have been disabled and to be seriously damaged.

D. FLEETS MEET GHT BATTLE EMARK.

its were observed on three man battleships that were , a German submarine was and sunk."

ZEPPELINS IN IT.

elins participated in the en- according to a despatch enhaen to The Daily Mail. ie dirigibles, the L-24, was l times and badly damaged, says, but she was able to Schleswig coast after a nar- e. Several of her men were and all of her supplies hgd own overboard.

tch from the same source de- is generally stated in Ber- the activity of the German due to energetic demands or William to his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, r-in-chief of the navy, and von Capelle, minister of the the emperor's visit last Wilhelmshaven.

HAT PAPERS SAY.

phic says this morning : statement published by the is probably the worst piece hat the government has yet communicate to the country. e that our cruiser squadron erately trying to draw out in main fleet and that the our main fleet was expect may be that the Germans, advantage which the zeppelins, were able to swoop our too venturesome ves- grave fact is that we lost ships and guns that it will ny long months to replace, we have lost forever several gallant seamen.

can note on the other side count is the recognition by ns of the superiority of our it. As soon as our battle- eared the Germans with- he shelter of the Kiel Canal, the least reason to fear terrible losses of Wednesday us with an inadequate naval strength."

itch to the Exchange Tele- m Copenhagen, says :

the retreat of the German numbers of mines were put. To-day (Friday) several loating mines were seen in Sea. Fishermen say that struck a mine fifty miles of the Wyl Lightship, out- vandshuk. Only a few men w were saved."

ERNATION IN LONDON. s was flashed out in special f the evening newspapers d greater consternation in end of London than had esed on any previous occ- nce the declaration of war- ness of the admiralty an- it concerning the serious na- e British losses and the ap- small losses of the Germans ion led to the assumption nds that the British ves- have been led into a mine



One German light cruiser and six German torpedo-boat destroyers were sunk and at least two more light cruisers were disabled.

FAMOUS CRUISER LOST.

There were no more celebrated bat- tle-scarred veterans of the British navy than the battle cruises Queen Mary, Indefatigable and Invincible.

The Queen Mary played a prominent part in the Helgoland fight engagement under the command of Captain William Hall, who has since been prominent as chief of the intelligence division of the admiralty. The Queen Mary missed the dogger Bank action by being in dry dock for minor re-pairs. A few weeks ago a large part of her crew came to London of shore leave and upon their departure Captain Hall, their old commander, came to say farewell to them.

The Indefatigable and Invincible bore scars from the Falkland Islands encounter, which they had a prominent share in sinking Admiral Von Spee's squadron, and from the Dardanelles, where they played a leading part in the bombardment of the straits. They also had participated in previous North Sea actions.

When the Associated Press cor- respondent visited the battle cruiser fleet in the fleeth Sea last winter these three vessels were exhibited as the pride of the fleet, which had just come in from a scouting cruise which took them to the German coast. The Queen Mary was pointed out as the finest type of speed and gun power in the British navy.

Enemy's Naval Losses Heavier Than Britain's In Every Way

The British Admiralty "entertain no doubt that the German losses are heavier than the British, not merely relatively to the strength of the two fleets, but absolutely."

GERMAN LOSSES.

Battleships, two. Dreadnoughts battle cruisers, most powerful type, two.

Light cruisers, two, Weisbaden and Elbing, latest type; one of Rostock type, and Frauenlob, four.

Destroyers, nine.

Submarines, one.

Total warcraft of all classes, eight teen.

BRITISH LOSSES.

No addition to list published Sat-

COURT OF REVISION.

Selby, June 5th, 1916

The Court of Revision was held on the above date. Members present were :—Carleton Woods, Reeve, Councillors R. Z. Bush, Walter Russell, E. R. Sills and Austin Hartin.

Having taken the necessary Oath of office they took their seats at the Council Board.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by R. Z. Bush, that Carleton Woods be chairman. Carried.

Moved by R. Z. Bush, seconded by W. Russell, that upon appeal of Christie Thompson his assessment be reduced \$200.00. Carried.

Moved by A. Hartin, seconded by E. R. Sills, that John H. Hughes' assessment be reduced \$100.00. Carried.

Moved by R. Z. Bush, seconded by W. Russell, that the assessment of Wm. Spencer be divided, he having sold part of property to Amos Deshane, 300 to be retained by Wm. Spencer and 520 added to Amos Deshane. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by A. Hartin, that the assessment of Peter O'Connell be sustained. Carried.

Moved and seconded that the assessment roll as returned and revised at the Court of Revision be adopted as the assessment roll for the Township of Richmond for the year 1916. Carried.

JAMES McKITTRICK.

Township Clerk.

MINUTES OF RICHMOND COUNCIL.

Selby, June 5th, 1916

The Council met at Selby:

The members present were :—Messrs. Carleton Woods, Reeve, Councillors R. Z. Bush, Walter Russell, E. R. Sills and Austin Hartin.

The Reeve presiding. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by E. R. Sills, that George Walker be given an order for \$1.00 on the Treasurer as refund as error in dog tax for year 1915. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by R. Z. Bush, that W. H. McLeod, Assessor for the year 1916, be paid \$60.00 for assessing Township. Carried.

Moved by Austin Hartin, seconded by E. R. Sills, that the Clerk be given an order on the Treasurer for \$15.00, for postage and stationary and extra work. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by R. Z. Bush, that this council grant \$100.00 to be expended on Tyendinaga Boundary, north of Kingsford, providing Tyendinaga Council grant the same both to supplement government grant of \$200.00. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by Austin Hartin, that this council grant \$50.00 to be expended on Camden Boundary, in the 4th Concession, providing Camden Council supplements the same to be expended under the supervision of Richmond Township Engineer. Carried.

Moved by R. Z. Bush, seconded by Austin Hartin, that W. A. English, road engineer, be given an order on the Treasurer for \$35.80, this being pay sheet No. 1. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by E. R. Sills, that the By-law governing grant of \$300.00 to Township of Richmond, be given its third reading, signed and sealed and returned to the Department. Carried.

Moved by A. Hartin, seconded by E. R. Sills, that the following parties be paid 10c. per rod for building wire fences along the roads in Richmond : Walter Woodcock for building 37 rods, \$3.70 ; S. E. Winters for building 22½ rods, \$2.25. Carried.

Moved by R. Bush, seconded by Russell, that the following accounts be paid : E. Pringle, account for repairs on snow-plough, by order of pathmaster, \$3.50 ; John McCaul for furnishing material and building culvert on road division No. 90, by order of pathmaster, \$2.00 ; T. Windover's account for supplies furnished Richard Lloyd \$2.88 ; Peter Hart for repairs on stone crusher, \$12.25 ; Hawley Lasher for furnishing material and building culvert in road Division No. 81 \$8.00 ; Mrs. Levi Doney, for month of June as aid, \$5.00 ; Reeve for legal advice \$2.00 ; Levi Huffman, for drawing gravel and repairing bridge on Belleville road, \$18.00. Carried.

Moved and seconded that this Council adjourn to meet on the first Monday in July, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. Carried.

JAMES McKITTRICK,

Township Clerk.

most powerful type, and two of the latest light cruisers, in addition to smaller craft, including a submarine.

RESULTS ARE QUITE PLAIN.

The text of the statement follows :

"Until the commander-in-chief has had time to consult the officers engaged, and write a full despatch, any attempt to give a detailed history of the naval engagement, which began on the afternoon of May 31, and ended in the morning hours of June 1, would evidently be premature. But the results are quite plain.

"The grand fleet came in touch with

An additional casualty list of petty officers shows that 43 of them were saved from the Queen Mary, Invincible, Fortune, Ardent and Shark. None were saved from the Indefatigable, Defence, Black Prince, Tipperary, Turbulent, Nomad or Nestor.

The list gives the names of 65 men killed aboard the Warrior and of 27 men wounded.

Admiral Lord Beresford, in an interview to-day, while contending strongly for the view that there was no failure in the British strategy, and that Vice-Admiral Beatty won a brilliant victory, said it was

small losses of the Germans
arson led to the assumption
minds that the British ves-
it have been led into a mine

ing quickly upon the admir-
iuncement came the German
ersion of the fight which, in
confirms the British account,
ies the claim that the battle-
spite also was sunk and other
attleships damaged.

erman losses, according to
man version of the battle,
small cruiser Wiesbaden, sunk
re, and the warship Pommern
torpedo, while the cruiser
b and a number of torpedo
e missing.

15 GERMAN FLEET.

enhausen despatch says: Ac-
to the Politiken, a Danish
arrived to-day (Thursday) at
shaven, which had witnessed
in the North Sea. The
reports that yesterday (Wed-
afternoon, 120 miles off Han-
was stopped by two Brit-
do boats to have its papers

same moment a large Ger-
t appeared and the British
immediately prepared for
the German fleet, which ap-
at full speed, consisted of
modern dreadnaughts, eight
and 20 torpedo boats and
s.

ly the Germans began firing,
eral hundred shells splashed
the torpedo boats without
hitting them.

ritish ships went westward,
by the German fleet. At 5
the cannonade was renewed,
ined until nine o'clock in
ing.

eppelins were seen going at
northward to the scene of
e.

ational Tidende says that
ht ten German torpedo boat
s passed thru the Little Belt
e north, going very slowly.
spaper adds that a torpedo
adly damaged, is lying off
Fyr near Ringkjobing-Fjard,
Denmark, just north of The

EPPELIN IN ACTION.

atch from Ringkjobing, Den-
o Reuter's under date of
, delayed by the censor,

four o'clock yesterday (Wed-
and during the greater part
ight, a heavy cannonade was
on several points on the west
f Jutland. Many windows
ken here and people left their
ascertain the meaning of the

idnight a zeppelin passed off.
At 11 this morning (Thurs-
German destroyer appeared off
yngvig Lightship with engine
and unable to proceed. At
lock in the afternoon another
destroyer arrived and left an
er with the disabled destroy-
w."

HT DESTROYERS LOST.
itish admiralty officially an-
last night that the total
of British destroyers lost in
engagement was eight.
nnouncement adds that of
erman battle cruisers, either
Hinger or Lutzow was blown
her was seen to have been
been disabled and a third to
usly damaged.

Total warcraft of all classes, eight-
teen.

BRITISH LOSSES.

No addition to list published Sat-
urday morning, consisting of three
battle cruisers, three cruisers and
eight destroyers—total, fourteen.

LONDON, June 4.—The British Ad-
miralty to-night issued a statement
saying there was the strongest
grounds for the belief that the Brit-
ish navy, in the battle with the Ger-
mans off Jutland last week had ac-
counted for a total of eighteen Ger-
man men-of-war, and that there was
nothing to add to or subtract from
the original announcement of the Brit-
ish losses.

The statement gave the German
losses as two battleships, two dread-
naught battle cruisers, four light
cruisers, nine torpedo boat destroyers
and a submarine.

The pessimism which prevailed as a
result of the admiralty's original
statement of losses, which is now con-
sidered to have been needlessly candid
and conservative in underestimating the
extent of the German losses as
compared with those of Great Britain,
has been greatly lessened by the
latest statement.

GERMAN ACCOUNTS ARE FALSE.

The admiralty reiterates that the
German accounts of the German losses
are false, and that altho the evidence
is still incomplete, enough is known to
justify stating that the German losses
were greater than the British "not
merely relatively to the strength of
the two fleets, but absolutely."

There is the strongest ground for be-
lieving, says the statement, that the
German losses include two battleships,
two dreadnaught battle cruisers of the

the afternoon of May 31, and ended in
the morning hours of June 1, would
evidently be premature. But the re-
sults are quite plain.

"The grand fleet came in touch with
the German high seas fleet, at 3.30 on
the afternoon of May 31. The leading
ships of the two fleets carried on a
vigorous fight, in which the battle
cruisers, fast battleships and subsidi-
ary craft all took an active part.

"The losses were severe on both
sides, but when the main body of the
British fleet came into contact with the
German high seas fleet a very brief period sufficed to compel the
latter, who had been severely punished,
to seek refuge in their protected
waters. This manoeuvre was rendered
possible by low visibility and mist,
and altho the grand fleet were now
and then able to get in momentary
contact with their opponents, no continuous
action was possible.

CONTINUED PURSUIT TILL DARK

"They continued the pursuit until
the light had wholly failed, while the
British destroyers were able to make
successful attacks on the enemy during
the night.

"Meanwhile, Admiral Sir John Jel-
licoe, having driven the enemy into
port, returned to the main scene of
the action and scoured the sea in
search of disabled vessels. By noon
the next day, June 1, it became evi-
dent there was nothing more to be
done. He returned, therefore, to his
base, 400 miles away, refuelled his
fleet, and in the evening of June 2
was again ready to put to sea.

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

The official list of the casualties
among officers shows that hardly a
single officer of the line escaped from
the British cruisers sunk in the battle.

view to-day, while contending strong-
ly for the view that there was no
failure in the British strategy, and
that Vice-Admiral Beatty won a
brilliant success, tho it was dearly
bought, declares that the only mistake
made was by the admiralty in allowing
the Germans to get first in the
field with the news of the battle, or,
as he puts it, with "impudent fabrica-
tions." Otherwise, said Lord Beres-
ford, no fault can be found with the
admiralty.

MANY OFFICERS ARE LOST.

Rear Admiral the Hon. Horace
Lambert Hood, second in command to
Vice-Admiral Sir David Beatty, and
Captains Sowerby, Cay and Prowse,
were lost, with many others, whose
names are not yet known because the
admiralty has not so far issued any
casualty list. There were no surren-
ders, and the ships went down, carrying
with them virtually their whole crews.
Only the Warrior, which was towed
part way from the scene of the battle
to a British port, was an exception.

Of about one thousand men on the
Queen Mary, only a corporal's guard
is accounted for. The same is true of the
Invincible, while there are no
survivors reported from the Indefatig-
able, the Defence or the Black Prince.

STILL HOLDS SUPREMECY.

British naval experts maintain that
Great Britain continues to hold the
supremacy of the sea by a safe margin,
and that her enormous navy could
better afford the losses it suffered than
could the Germans. The first reports
of the heavy loss of life, unhappily,
have not been revised. Great Britain
mourns for more than 4000 of her
seamen, while the German loss is
variously estimated at between 3000
and 5000.

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S. LAWRENCE SUGAR

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jellying.

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fine, medium or
coarse grain.



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Serialization by HUGH WEIR and JOE BRANDT

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THIRD EPISODE**The Traction Trust**

Suggested by

GEORGE BRONSON HOWARD,
Author of "Snobs," "God's Man," Etc.**SYNOPSIS.**

Dudley Larnigan, district attorney of New York, attacks the liquor and vice trusts. He is killed by an agent of a secret society, the committee of fifteen. His son, Bruce Larnigan, is elected district attorney and takes up the fight. Bruce is in love with Dorothy Maxwell, whose father is head of the insurance trust.

Bruce Larnigan is decoyed to an evil resort in an effort to frame him up. He beats the conspirators by having the police commissioner present. A fire starts in a tenement across the way. Larnigan saves the children of Dow, one of the conspirators. This man agrees to expose the trust. He is murdered by the gang.

BRUCE LARNIGAN'S crushing defeat of the tenement house trust, resulting in the murder by the graft syndicate itself of Anton Dow, who was about to give Bruce evidence against the fifteen, served to show Stanford Stone and the remaining members of the graft syndicate that in Bruce they faced a foe far more dangerous to them than his murdered father had ever been.

Stanford Stone, the secret head of the powerful graft syndicate, had despised Bruce in the beginning. Now he was beginning to fear him. And the fact that he was in love with Dorothy Maxwell, the girl who was Bruce's fiancee, only increased his determination to get rid of Bruce.

It was impossible for Stanford Stone to work in the open. It seemed to him vitally important to hold secret his own connection with the graft syndicate. Even Bruce Larnigan was so far from suspecting it that after the death of Anton Dow he confided many of his plans for the future to Stone.

"Dow's death is unfortunate," he told Stone. "He was a villain, but he was about to turn over a new leaf. He would have been a useful witness too. However I have other iron in

Bruce he knew was coming to see him. Afterward Bonner should be able to take him through the park. And then—the graft syndicate's most dangerous enemy would be removed!

Bruce arrived while Black was still discussing his plans. With him was Dorothy Maxwell.

"We're not really together, Mr. Stone," she said gayly. "I'm looking for papa. I thought he might be here."

"I'm sorry he isn't, Miss Dorothy," said Stone. "But if you'll call up Boyd Penrose's office I think you'll get him. I'll take Larnigan outside while you telephone."

Dorothy smiled her thanks. She was left alone and by pure accident picked up the dictaphone receiver. To her horror and amazement she heard Black giving the final orders for Bruce's murder. Her heart almost stopped, but she managed to control herself and heard enough to put her in possession of all the details of the plot. Then, schooling her features, she went out and joined Bruce and Stone.

"I think I'll go straight home. I can't reach papa," she said. "Coming, Bruce?"

He nodded a farewell to Stone and went down with her. At the curb she seized his arm.

"Bruce, where are you going?" she asked tensely.

"To see an old friend—Jim Stevens," he said. "He's a newspaper man, and we're going to pull off a stunt together."

"Let me take you there," she urged. "Please, Bruce! Send Bonner home alone. I want to show you how my new car runs."

He thought nothing of her request and was glad to yield. Bonner, startled and dismayed, saw what had happened, and at once, instead of going home as he was told to do, he hurried to Black.

"Damn!" said Black. "Well, we'll have to get those fellows and plant them near Larnigan's house. Come on; take me through the park. It's riskier, but that can't be helped."

Bonner obeyed. They hurried into the park, and at the fatal spot, as Black stood up, a volley rang out. The gun men had mistaken their employer for their victim. Black fell dead!

Meanwhile Dorothy had waited for Bruce during his talk with Stevens and had then driven him home. They found Mrs. Larnigan in tears. The holder of the mortgage on her house had arbitrarily refused to give her

A new danger threatened, however, for Stanford Stone had been in the office of Stevens' paper talking to the managing editor when the reporter made his report. Unseen by Stevens, he had heard everything and so knew that Bruce, in disguise, was working as a laborer in the subway. At once he saw a chance to crush his enemy. He went to Penrose, and the two concocted a new scheme for Bruce's destruction.

Bruce, suspecting nothing, was pleased by the praise that Kelly, ostensibly



"Everything will come out all right," said Dorothy.

the foreman of the work, but actually the personal representative and graft collector of Penrose, gave him for his work.

"Sure, an' you do well for a greenhorn," said Kelly. "I'll be affer raisin' your pay and givin' ye better work to do."

Bruce grinned his thanks. He was disposed to like Kelly and to believe that the man did not understand the rottenness of the work that was being done. Kelly, as was afterward to appear, was a good actor wasted on the job he held. He refused, in spite of Penrose's urgency, to be hurried.

"You'd be wantin' him to smell a rat," he said. "He's no fool, that lad. He takes careful handlin'—such as he gets from me. Lave it to me, Misster Penrose. I'll see that he goes to kingdom come. Lave it to Kelly!"

Day by day Kelly saw to it that Bruce got better work and more important to do. He praised him, encouraged him. And he did lull Bruce's suspicions, so that when at last he was ready to strike Bruce trusted him.

"It's toime yez learned the blastin'. That's the work that pays!" said Kelly. "Take this dynamite cartridge, now, and carry it into the tunnel. The place to set it is markred wid a red cross. The hole the driller left is there. Ye see, ye carry the wire along. Then when yez come back ye report and make the contact—and biff! Aisy done! Don't be drivin' that

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August

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WALTER J. MA

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FOR THE CHILDREN

A Story For the Little
When Sleepy Time Comes

THE BEAR AND THE BUTT

Information and Amusement
ed by a Map of the World
Many Things of Interest
People—A Sweet Miss Fr

"Uncle Ben, won't you tell us a good night story?" asked Polly Ann as sleepy stealing along in the gloom. "said Uncle Ben, and he told the time story of

A BEAR AND A BUTT

A large and ferocious bear in the middle of a great for

was about to turn over a new leaf. He would have been a useful witness too. However, I have other irons in the fire. I am more and more convinced that all the graft in this city runs ultimately to a central spot; that one man dominates all the corrupt elements. I can't strike at any particular form of graft, no matter what it may be, without weakening that great central power."

"That sounds reasonable," said Stone sympathetically.

"Now, for instance," said Bruce. "I am planning to look into the opera-



Dorothy Picked Up the Dictaphone Receiver.

tions of the traction trust. I am convinced that whole organization is riddled with graft and that the city is being looted right and left in connection with the new subways. I haven't got all my evidence yet, but I'm going after it. And I may need your help."

"I am at your service," said Stone. "As I've told you before, I feel, as a public spirited citizen, that it is my duty to uphold you in the fight you have undertaken."

But no sooner was Stone alone than his face was transformed and twisted by hate and malice. Without delay he sent for Amos Black, one of his confidential agents. He told Black that Larnigan must be killed.

Black was one of a number of characters of the underworld through whom Stone worked at times.

Through men and women known to him he got into touch with Bruce Larnigan's chauffeur. This man, seemingly respectable and actually faithful enough to Bruce, had a dark spot in his life. Black managed to learn of this and so got the man Bonner into his grip. He arranged to have Bonner drive Larnigan through the park while gunmen were planted there.

Stanford Stone by means of a dictaphone was able to keep in close touch with Black's movements, since he never for a moment trusted Black. On the day after his conversation with Bruce, however, Stone, listening over the dictaphone, nodded with approval

found Mrs. Larnigan in tears. The holder of the mortgage on her house had arbitrarily refused to give her more time, and her lawyer had told her that he had found no one willing to take it up, good as was the security. Bruce saw in this a plot on the part of the fifteen to punish him. But Dorothy, without telling him of her intentions, determined to save him.

"Everything will come out all right," Dorothy assured Bruce.

She had some property of her own, and she went straight to her father and asked him to advance her a large sum on certain securities. He laughed as he did so, giving her the money in cash.

"What do you want it for?" he asked.

She told him, and, though she saw the startled look that came into his eyes, she did not know the reason nor that it was Roger Maxwell's insurance company that had threatened to foreclose on Mrs. Larnigan's house. Yet it was true—she had unwittingly defeated a plan concocted by her father and Stanford Stone.

Maxwell said nothing to Dorothy of the truth. Perhaps he dared not. Perhaps it was because just after he learned what she meant to do Bard Penrose, his old friend, and his daughter, Mabel, one of Dorothy's best girl friends, were announced. Penrose was head of the traction trust. He and Maxwell had many interests in common. And in the course of the talk the incident of the mortgage seemed to be forgotten.

It was the next day that Bruce and his friend, Jim Stevens, the reporter, went to work on the new subway, having decided that this was the best chance they had to secure first hand evidence of an incontrovertible sort against the trust. Nor were they wrong. In a very short time they discovered the truth of what they had suspected—that a city inspector was being bribed to pass an inferior grade of cement in the construction work.

"The graft in that might run to millions!" said Jim, appalled. "And the danger—my God! The whole thing might collapse at any minute!"

"Get the facts down—and print them," said Bruce. "I'll stay here to get more evidence if I can. I don't think they suspect us yet."

Stevens obeyed. But at the office of his paper instead of being praised for his enterprise in securing a wonderful story he was bitterly attacked by his managing editor. Stevens had not known it hitherto, but his paper was a tool of the graft syndicate and was preparing at that moment to launch a bitter attack upon Bruce Larnigan.

The story Stevens turned in was torn up. He himself was summarily discharged.

But that, as it turned out, was a false move, for it only aroused the fighting blood of Stevens. He went from newspaper to newspaper, until finally in the office of the Independent he found an editor with courage enough to face the consequences of defying the trust.

"They may smash us," he said. "but Larnigan is in the right, and we'll back him up. We'll begin by printing your story and putting you on our staff. Go out and get as much more stuff of this sort as you can."

Then when ye come back ye report and make the contact—and biff! Aisy does it—see! Don't be droppin' that stick!"

Bruce obeyed, working his way into the tunnel. But above, when Kelly came out, Penrose was waiting by the electric switch.

"Aisy does it, sorr!" said Kelly. "Give him time to get the end and start back. Then I'll touch the switch—and good night Larnigan!"

"Splendid!" said Penrose. "Here I must get my girls out. They're inspecting the work. I don't want them to take my chances."

Dorothy and Mabel, indeed, were near by. And Dorothy had recognized Bruce. She had an accomplishment that few of her friends suspected—she could read lips. And so, though out of hearing, she knew what Kelly and Penrose had said. At once she slipped into the tunnel after Bruce.

"Come quickly! There's a plot to kill you!" she screamed. "Drop that stick and up! Don't ask me how. I know!"

Bruce obeyed. Together they ran for the street. And just as they got out of the tunnel there was a dull roar behind them. Bruce had escaped.

But the blast had unforeseen consequences, for the rotten cement gave way, the street fell in, and Bard Penrose, sitting in his automobile, was sent to his death.

READ NEXT WEEK

"How Bruce Larnigan Exposes the Tenement and Vice Trusts"

And then see the Pictures at Wonderland every Monday night.

MYSTERY OF A DREAM.

He Heard True When Asleep and Heard True, Too, When Awake.

"In one of the East Indian border wars there was engaged an officer of high repute, the member of an ancient county family," says Mrs. Mayo in "Recollections of Fifty Years." One night the laird, his head, started from his sleep, exclaiming:

"There's the shot that has killed my brother!"

"His wife told him it was but a dream. He must have given an anxious thought to his brother before going to sleep."

"The next day the laird and his wife were in the garden directing their gardeners when the laird suddenly exclaimed:

"Do you hear the bagpipes?"

"No," answered the lady. "I can hear nothing. I am sure there is no sound."

"Strange," said the laird, "for I can even hear what is played. It is 'The Flowers o' the Forest Are A' Wefed Away.'"

"A few hours later came the telegram reporting that the brother had been shot down by some border warrior and over his lonely grave the men of his regiment had played the pathetic air whose mysterious echo seemed to have reached the laird."

A large and ferocious bear in the middle of a great forest and terrible was he to the forest all to himself, for animals who used to live there when they saw him coming.

At last he met a butterfly, beautiful blue and gold but when the bear discovered it was on a wild rose eating. The bear was so delighted something to scare that he sounded almost amiable then it was such a roar have frightened a squirrel. But instead of showing any fits the butterfly continue eating breakfast, just as if had not spoken. At this the angry. So he gave seven loudest and fiercest roars, was all through the butter and said politely, "Excuse me say anything?"

"Say anything?" repeated "Didn't you hear me? A frightened?"

"Frightened!" echoed the "What should I be afraid of?

"Why, of me, of course." bear. "Everybody's afraid of

At that the butterfly lay laughed. "You don't suppose so terrible, you silly creature said. "You are the one that frightened. There is something behind you, and it follows you go."

The bear looked over his shoulder.

"Oh, you can't see it," said the butterfly. "But it's behind you same."

"Goodness gracious me!" bear. "What is it?"

"I shan't tell you," replied the butterfly, "but if I were you I'd know how I behaved."

"Thank you so much for telling me," said the bear, quite meekly particularly careful, and I will not romp and roar and scare you any more. Goodby, Miss Butterfly," and he tiptoed back to his hole.

When he had gone the butterfly laughed and laughed. "She said. "Of course there's something behind him that he can't see only his own tail!"

Use of the Globe.

It is very interesting for children to trace paths of travel on which many of them possess. It is really more fun, little boys than many of your toys, a globe. Ask your father or mother. It is certainly an interesting game, and if you do not buy it.

Why He Missed His Train.

"So you're little Willie said the new minister after school. "I called to see you yesterday, but unfortunately not at home."

"Oh, yes, she was," replied Willie, "but I guess she took you to the station. You look like him."

SHILC
Quickly stops coughs, cures colds
the throat and lungs.

BLESSING OF ALTHY BODY

An Hour's Sickness Since
"FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. MARRIOTT
300 Ave., Ottawa, Ont.,

August 9th, 1915.
t my duty to tell you what
ives" has done for me.
ago, I began to feel run-
ed, and suffered very much
" and Kidney Trouble.
d of "Fruit-a-tives", I
ould try them. The result
ng. During the 3½ years
taken them regularly and
ange for anything. *I have*
our sickness since I com-
ing "Fruit-a-tives", and I
what I haven't known for
years—that is, the blessing
body and clear thinking

ALTER J. MARRIOTT.

6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c.
r sent postpaid on receipt
Fruit-a-tives Limited,

HE CHILDREN

For the Little Kiddies
Sleepy Time Comes.

R AND BUTTERFLY.

and Amusement Furnish-
ip of the World on a Globe.
ngs of Interest to Small
Sweet Miss From Chicago.

I, won't you please tell us
story?" asked little Ned
nn as sleepy time came
g in the gloom. "Yes,"
Ben, and he told a sleepy

AND A BUTTERFLY.

ferocious bear once lived
in a great forest and so

NECKWEAR AND VEILINGS.

Fashion Cues About Two
of the Important Accessories.

Among neckwear it does not matter
what the design of the collar if it has
an open front. While there are a few
extreme dresses seen with high collars,
the majority are made with low, flat
collars or those with high backs and
low fronts.

Some cape collars are made to lie
flat, while others have collars with
high standing backs attached, with the
points turning on either side forming
a V.

There are many attractive styles in
collar and cuff sets. The collars may
be either flat or with a high back and
low V front. The cuffs are medium
in depth and follow out the design of
the collar. Some sets are simply fin-
ished on the edge with hemstitching or
a picot edge, while others are elaborately
trimmed. Ruffles of lace or net
about an inch in width are sometimes
arranged on the edge in as many as
four rows and are finished at the head
with hemstitching. The same idea is
carried out on the cuffs. Among novelties
are leather collar and cuff sets.
They are in colors as well as white.

Guimpes and vestees are in many attrac-
tive styles. Net, organdie, batiste,
voile, marquisette and georgette crepe
are the materials employed in their
making, with embroidery and lace for
trimmings.

Plaitings of net, organdie and malines
are used in various ways. Plaitings on
wide bands are used to wear inside of
a high fur or coat collar. Plaitings are
also used in making collars, the plaitings
being used on both the upper and lower
edge of the ribbon band surrounding the neck.

Loose flowing face veils will be much
worn this spring. Some are circular;
others are draped. The circular veil
with a round opening in the center
which fits over the crown of the hat is
used to quite an extent. Lacy effects
with woven scroll patterns are especially
effective in veils of this kind. Some are gathered on to an elastic
band, allowing it to be adjusted over
the crown of the hat. Some hang in
straight lines to the shoulders, while
others are finished with a ruche or
band, which may be caught around the
throat. Veils usually match the color
of the hat.

FOR NEEDLEWORKERS.

One of a Set of Six and a Bigger
Centrepiece.

When you lighten your housework
this spring by putting aside heavy
tablecloths and using doilies, a set of



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

A PLAY UNIFORM.

Small Tots Find This Kind
of an Apron Amusing.

King's blue linen fashions this quaint
little uniform for five-year-olds. The
edges and huge, grownup pockets are
bound with dark blue silk braid, and



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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature
of

Dr. S. Pitcher.
In
Use
For Over
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CASTORIA

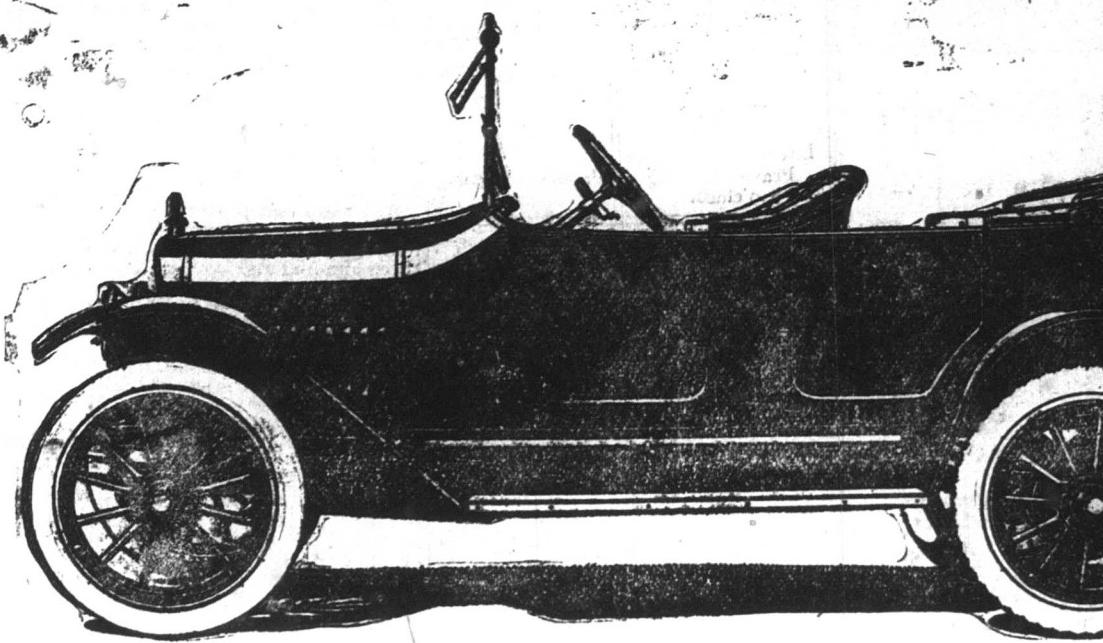
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ing, lay the ball in a buttered bowl
and butter the surface of the dough to
keep it soft. Cover and let it double
in a warm place, an hour to an hour
and a half. If you wish still further
to hurry it set the bowl in warm water
and place a smaller bowl of warm
water on the lid of the large bowl con-
taining the dough.

When doubled shape quickly into the
baking pans for the second rising and
bake when again light. This recipe is
excellent for use when one must have
bread in a hurry. Half of the dough
may be made into crusty rolls.

Shampoo For White Hair.

The very best shampoo for white
hair is the white of an egg beaten into
a pint of soft, cool water. Rub the
hair with the egg, making a soft lather,
after wetting the hair with cold wa-
ter and finish the same as with other
shampoo, except in the last rinsing wa-
ter, which should be cold. A few drops
of the best indigo, not ordinary bluing,
should be added to tinge the wa-
ter. This acts exactly as does bluing
on white goods, leaving the hair a pure
white and not in the least tinged with
yellow.



Why You Should Own a Maxwell

Comfort

First, because it is a comfortable riding car. Pleasant people; deep, soft cushions; springs made of scientifically heat-treated, accurately suspended steel will always be comfortable in a Maxwell.

Appearance

Second, because the Maxwell is a trim, smart, good looking car. Many makers of heavy, high priced cars, as you know, emphasize general lines, the shape of the body and hood of their cars more of a compliment than an infringement.

Service

Third, because the Maxwell, being a product of the best engineering, is so designed and manufactured that it gives unusual and satisfying service to thousands of owners.

Maxwell cars are made of the best materials that money can buy—and they are made right. You can get out of a Maxwell what you put into it.

Low First-Cost

Fourth, because you get everything in a Maxwell that you get in any car and you get it for less money.

The answer to this is that the Maxwell is a light car, built in enormous quantities. The Maxwell Co. is one of the largest producers of high grade motor cars in the world.

Low After-Cost

Fifth, because the Maxwell will give you more miles to the gallon than any car built.

We say this without hesitation or doubt. It is our opinion.

Low After-Cost

Fifth, because the Maxwell will give you *more in any car built.*

We say this without hesitation or doubt. It is our pleasure to prove it by Maxwell owners, by car or other car or by any other way you suggest or prefer.

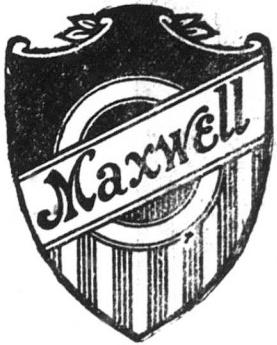
The Maxwell will please you. *We know it will.* Let us demonstrate and we'll take the responsibility of satisfying you.

Touring Car \$850

Roadster \$830

F. O. B. WINDSOR, ONT.

Completely Equipped



NAPANEE BICYCLE AND AUTOMOBILE WORKS

Agents

Napanee, - Ontario.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

As land increases in value and farms decrease in size questions of economical feeding force themselves to the front.

Farmers should grow more root crops as stock feed, for some of these are very rich in feeding value and well adapted to almost all soils. Such crops as mangel wurzels, turnips, artichokes and sugar beets give a big return per acre of some of the best feeding crops on the market. Any little lot in which you have failed to put some early crop will answer the purpose, and the harvesting of the crop is a matter of comparative ease.

Either sugar beets or wurzels, if sown in drills two feet apart in the fore part of June and cultivated, will bring from twenty to thirty tons of rich feed per acre in the average season. They are good feed for both cattle and sheep, being grown extensively for that purpose alone in certain sections. Dig or pull them out if possible before the first freezes, as there is danger of poison being in frozen beets. A cool, damp cellar or pit answers the purpose of storage for winter. A beet chopped into small pieces and fed to the cow with other rations at feeding time seems to add tone and zest to the herd. These sugar beets are especially



SOWING WITH A SMALL SEED DRILL.

relished for their sugar content and are thus one of the most valuable of feeds.

Turnips and carrots make fine stock feed. The hogs especially relish them when once they find they are good and will make high priced meat out of them. And feed of this sort seems to be especially relished by all kinds of stock during the winter season in the absence of silage or other succulent feeds. It is not necessary to cook these if care is taken not to overfeed. Just throw in what they will clean up, and this will always keep their appetite whetted for more.

Many farmers have found artichokes

of great value in pork production. If left to maturity in the fall the hogs can be turned in to harvest the crop, and they will do it at little expense. A hog will eat a great many when he has to root for them, and a drove can soon clean up a good sized lot. They are very prolific, and there is danger they will become a bad weed if not kept well under control. One plant will often produce a rounding up peck measure of tubers. Secure the roots and cut as potatoes, then drop in furrows three feet apart and two feet apart in the row. Cultivate till the bloom begins to show and keep free from weeds. Carrots have high food value for hogs and other stock.

All the more common kinds of roots are greatly relished by horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, chickens and turkeys. Roots are bone, muscle, fat and heat producers and are as good as corn, hay and oats. They keep the system supplied with that necessary fluid that is lacking when dry feed alone is used. Farmers having silos are not much troubled with this problem. Roots have a medicinal value, and every farmer should grow them for his domestic animals.

It goes without saying that if a very heavy crop is desired the land must be put in a superlatively good condition. Manure the land heavily before plowing with rotten stable manure, and there is no danger of applying too much; also use in the drills, about 500 pounds to the acre, a commercial fertilizer containing a relatively high per cent of potash and nitrogen and a low per cent of phosphoric acid. The mangel is but little troubled with pests and insects of any kind.

In our experience low land has always given the best results. Mangels require a deep, friable, cool soil that can be easily worked, while at the same time the roots will find a

compact and cool subsoil.

If only a small patch is to be planted it can be most easily done by hand, covering the ground with a hand rake. If an acre is sown we sow with a small setting it so as to sow from five pounds to the acre. Rows fifteen inches apart. Keep them clean with a hand rake. With horse cultivation we sow not less than thirty lbs.

Serious Business

"Wasn't that butler a serious man?" asked the sweet young girl after the dinner.

"He certainly was," replied "but perhaps he's married." Statesman.

Cheerful Givers.

Mrs. Cantwell—The junk not buy those things we yesterday.

Cantwell—Then let us be my dear, and give them to Boston Journal.

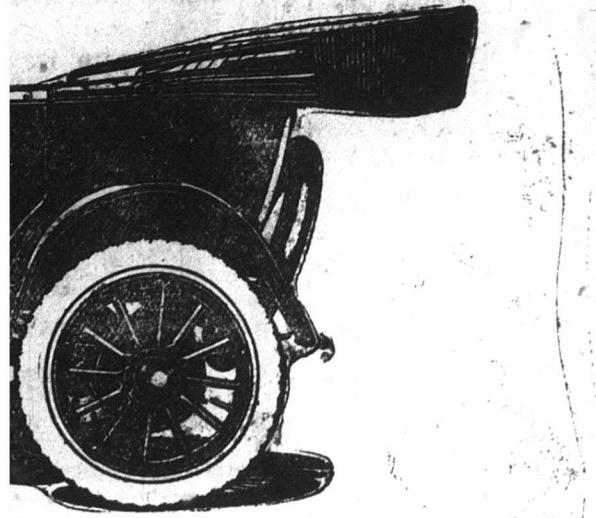
Specifications.

"Isn't that a fine line of about women's being human daily food?"

"Yes, especially when the tures are peaches and chick timore American."

A Poor Judge.

She—I can't understand Binks thinks that hideous hens is at all good looking. easy. If you will just remember Mrs. Binks could make up to marry Binks you will her standards of pulchritud fatally defective.—Richmondian



In a Maxwell

car. Plenty of room for five made of the best spring steel, suspended and balanced. You

mart, good-looking car.

as you know, have copied the hood of the Maxwell. This is ent.

luct of thirteen years evolution, gives unfailing, consistent and ners.

rials that money and brains can get out of any car only what

Maxwell that you can get in

s a light car and it is built in is one of the three largest pro- orld.

u more miles per dollar than

It is our honest belief and we

FARMERS' FOREST NURSERIES.

One Branch of Agriculture That Could Be Followed With Profit.

Forest trees for starting forest plantings and for filling in holes in the wood lot can be grown by farmers at little expense. Large trees are not needed for this purpose. One-year-old seedlings of broad leaf trees are large enough to set out.

Every farm should have a forest nursery for the production of forest trees. The vegetable garden will make an ideal location for a row or two. The trees will thus receive the necessary care and attention the first year.

Recommendations for the planting and care of forest nursery trees show that the first step in starting the forest nursery is to collect the seeds in the fall and keep them over winter for spring planting. Were it not for the damage by mice and other rodents seeds could be planted in the fall.

Seeds keep best over winter when stratified in moist sand, and with some varieties this stratifying is necessary. Oak seeds, hickory nuts, walnuts, butternuts, chestnuts, and beechnuts will not germinate if allowed to dry out over winter. Freezing will not injure the seeds, but to prevent drying out they should be kept in a cool place after being stratified in sand.

Tree seeds which have been naturally stratified over winter may often be collected from the ground in the spring, and such will start to grow at once. Oak, tulip, maple, catalpa, black locust, pine, spruce, hemlock, and other evergreens may be preserved over winter by hanging them in bags where they will be dry and exposed to the outside air. Seed should be planted as early as possible in the spring.

Double Decker Berry Trellis.

The sketch shows a trellis which has found favor in blackberry sections. It consists of two parallel rows of 2 by 4 posts set six feet apart in the row, and eighteen inches from each other crosswise. These posts are four feet high, and on the tops of them run heavy gauge wires fastened with staples, writes Mabel I. Whorton in the Farm and Fireside.

Two other wires fastened in the same way are placed on the posts a foot from the ground. A number of notched boards made on the order of a swing board are placed between



the wires, top and bottom, about four feet apart. These boards act as a support to the vines, which are trained to run along the trellis thus formed. The new shoots (next year's bearing vines) as they grow are trained along the under set of boards.

At the end of the season when the old runners are cut away the small boards are easily moved, the new vines lifted to their position of prominence on the top, and the lower boards are again free for the next year's growth.

This method is used a great deal for berries, including the Himalaya blackberry, which sends out such long runners. It is a comfortable height for picking, and a whole field

Farm and Garden

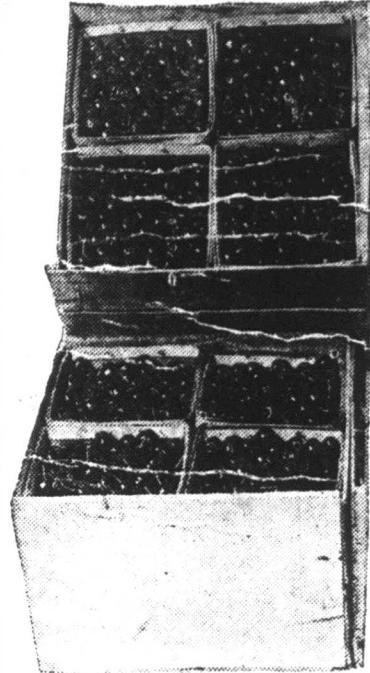
SHIPPING BY PARCEL POST.

Suggestions to the Fruit Grower on How to Pack.

[Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.]

Apples are probably our most important fruit crop and lend themselves readily to parcel post marketing. There is a promising field for developing the marketing of fancy eating apples direct from producer to consumer, and every grower should ascertain for himself if he can profitably make this system supplement other methods of marketing. It is necessary, of course, that satisfactory markets be available within a reasonable distance and that local conditions be favorable.

Only varieties of well known merit for eating purposes should be marketed in this way. They should all be well grown specimens, of proper shape and size for the variety, of normal col-



CHERRIES READY FOR SHIPPING.

or, ripe enough to eat (unless the customer wishes to hold them), but never overripe—that is, they should be marketed in their proper season. They should be sound, clean, free from damage of worms or other pests, disease, skin puncture or other defects.

All berries should be shipped as soon after picking as possible. They should not be held over from day to day. They should be picked only when dry, be removed from the sun and kept as cool as possible. Defective and culled berries should be kept separate as the fruit is gathered to avoid further handling for the purpose of sorting. Rehandling does great damage to berries.

**It is our honest belief and we
ners, by comparison with any
st or prefer.**

**will. Let us arrange for a dem-
ty of satisfying you completely.**

ster \$830

LE WORKS,

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A small patch is to be grown
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Serious Business.
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Cheerful Givers.
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Specifications.
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aches and chickens."—Bal-
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A Poor Judge.
I don't understand how Mrs.
Mrs. that hideous baby of
ll good looking. He—That's
ou will just remember that
ould make up her mind
inks you will realize that
is of pulchritude must be
fective.—Richmond Times

WHOOPING COUGH
SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

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A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet

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VAPO-CRESOLENE CO.
Loring Miles Edg. Montreal

Used When Sleep

berries, which have long runners. It is a comfortable height for picking, and a whole field may be planted in this way with parallel sets of trellises.

Example of Labor Efficiency.

Efficiency of farm labor is often as important as its distribution. Two young men were plowing clover sod. Each had two horses hitched to a fourteen inch walking plow. It was heavy plowing, and each team was barely able to plow one and one-half acres a day. One morning the men decided to try three horses on one plow. They did so, and to their great surprise one man and three horses easily plowed three acres per day. They plowed as much as two men and four horses had done and did it much more easily. It was even easier for the driver, because it is always easier to drive a team that is not overloaded. The new arrangement released one man and one horse for other work.

Wanted to Be Joined Right.

They were going out to dinner, and he had gone into the house from his limousine to get her.

"All ready?" he asked, at the foot of the stairs.

"Almost," came the response from above.

"I've asked a friend to join us. Is it all right?"

"Yes, if it's the minister."

Had Terrible Pains in Kidneys and Back.

Dear Mr. Editor—I want to write you about "Anuric." I was very sick, could hardly be up; I was in bed most of the time. Had terrible pains in my kidneys and back, so much so that I had to scream sometimes when I was sitting down and wanted to get up, the pain was so great. I had tried a well-known kidney medicine but it didn't help me. I heard of Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets so I thought I would try them. I took only one box of the Tablets, and my back is now free from pain and I can work and take care of my family. I feel I cannot say enough for this medicine. Sincerely, MRS. WM. KELLER.

NOTE: This "Anuric" is adapted especially for kidney complaints and diseases arising from disorders of the kidneys and bladder, such as backache, weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, congestion of the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder, scalding urine and urinary troubles. The physicians and specialists at Dr. Pierce's great Institution, at Buffalo, N. Y., have thoroughly tested this prescription and have been with one accord successful in eradicating these troubles, and in most cases absolutely curing the diseased kidneys.

Patients having once used "Anuric" at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, have repeatedly sent back for more. Such a demand has been created that Dr. Pierce has decided to put "Anuric" in the drug stores of this country, in a ready-to-use form. If not obtainable send one dime by mail to Dr. Pierce for trial package or 50 cents for full treatment.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a blood cleanser and alterative that starts the liver and stomach into vigorous action. It thus assists the body to make rich, red blood, which feeds the heart, nerves, brain and organs of the body. You feel clean, strong and strenuous.

ruit is gathered to avoid further han-
dling for the purpose of sorting. Re-
handling does great damage to berries
as well as to cherries and currants.

Strawberries may be picked when sufficiently ripe to reach the consumer in good condition. They should be picked with the hull or cap and the stem on, the stem being pinched off as close to the berry as convenient. The berries should be placed in the boxes as picked instead of being held in the hand until a handful is gathered. Small, inferior, dirty and overripe berries should be placed in separate boxes as picked, but should not be sent to market. The quality and size should be the same from top to bottom and the boxes well filled. Topping or fac-
ing the boxes with the larger fruit should not be done, but turning down the stems of the top layer improves the appearance of the package. No leaves, sticks, long stems or other trash should be allowed to get into the boxes.

Dewberries and blackberries should be picked only when dry and should be handled as little as possible. They are ripe enough when a full, bright black, but for parcel post marketing should not be allowed to become too ripe. All undesirable ones should be kept out as the berries are picked.

It is very important that peaches be handled carefully at all times to prevent bruising. For shipment by parcel post they should be about ripe, but only "hard ripe," ready to eat in not less than two days. Varieties and colors should not be mixed unless so ordered.

Pears should not be picked so ripe as some other kinds of fruit because they bruise and turn black so easily. In fact, it is advisable to pick most varieties when matured, though green, or just starting to ripen. If picked when just turning they should reach the consumer about right to use. They should be free from worms, bruises and cuts, practically free from disease, specks, blemishes and other defects and should be of proper shape and size for the variety. No fruit off the ground should ever be shipped.

Plums may be picked so that they will reach the consumer just ready to use. Careful handling will prevent decay in shipping. Undersized fruit should be sorted out. Cracked, ill-shaped, off colored or otherwise defective plums should be culled out, and no overripe fruit should be overlooked. for a decaying plum eats all those around it and causes them to rot.

Special care must be taken to see that raspberries are picked only when dry and while they are still firm. They should be carefully handled, graded as picked and never rehandled. Boxes should be well filled, as they have a de-rided tendency to settle down in shipping because of their cuplike shape.

Comes to Newcastle.

Mother was measuring a dose of ton-
ie for her little son, who looked up and
said:

"What am I taking this for?"

"An appetite," she replied.

"An appetite," he scornfully repeat-
ed. "I can't begin to hold now one
half I want to eat."

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

PLANTS

The last chance to fill your gardens this season. The supply is growing short, so get what you need. AT ONCE.

ALL READY !

You'll be delighted with the good meats we are offering. You'll find them worth serving to your family or to honored guests, and you'll like the eating yourself if you buy the meat here.

**Fine cuts always ready,
always of good quality.**

The Market Meat Shop

R. F. HOLLAND.

Phone 121

"CHEVROLET" ---Four-Ninety

**The Greatest Value ever offered
to the Public.**

Price Complete \$675

F. O. B., Oshawa.

Regular equipment, Mohair tops, Electric Horn, Clear Vision Ventilating Wind Shield, Stewart Speedometer, Anameter and Licence Brackets. Two-unit "Auto Lite" starting and lighting system with Bendix drive, same type and grade as used on the highest priced cars.

C. A. WISEMAN, NAPANEE.

Agent for County of Lennox, West Half of Camden, East Half of Tyendinaga and Deseronto.

NOTE—Owing to the great demand for this car we would suggest placing your order early to insure delivery.

FANCY CANNED FRUIT

IN HEAVY SYRUP

Apples, per can.....	10c
Green Gages, per can.....	10c
Lumbard Plums.....	10c
Pitted Cherries.....	15c or 2 for 25c
Strawberries.....	15c or 2 for 25c
Raspberries.....	15c or 2 for 25c
Lawton Berries.....	15c or 2 for 25c
Peaches.....	15c or 2 for 25c

Also Peaches in gallons.

FRANK H. PERRY:

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 180.

Farmers!

You need not haul your grain to the station. Deliver it to VanLoven's storehouse and you will get the highest price for good grain.

The Court of Revision will meet in the Council Chamber on Monday evening next at 7.30 p.m.

Napanee will celebrate Dominion Day on Monday, July 3rd, at the Driving Park. A good programme is being arranged.

The I.O.O.F. annual district meeting was held in Napanee Lodge rooms on Wednesday of this week. Delegates were present from all the Lodges in the district.

Mount Pleasant Methodist Church annual Sunday School picnic will be held in Allen Oliver's grove on Tuesday, June 19th, 1916.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D., Pastor
9.30 a. m.—Class service. Leader Mr. Desmore Davis.
10.30 a.m.—Morning service.
11.45 a. m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Special opening exercises are being arranged. Everybody welcome.

7.00 p.m.—Evening service.

Monday 8 p.m.—Young People's Meeting. Conducted by Missionary Department. A letter from our missionary, Rev. J. K. Smith, will be read. An interesting evening is expected. Everybody cordially invited.

Wednesday 8 p.m.—Prayer Service,

The New Grocery.

Pineapple season is here. Preserve them while the price is right and fruit good.

G. W. BOYES.

A Fine Canadian Speaker.

Do not fail to hear Mrs. Willoughby Cummings, D.C.L. at Town Hall tonight, at 8 o'clock. Proceeds for Patriotic Work. Silver Collection. Under auspices of the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter, I.O.D.E. and Committee.

Adolphustown Meth. Church.

Anniversary services will be held in the Adolphustown Methodist Church on Sunday and Monday, June 18th and 19th. Prof. Greaves, of Victoria University, Toronto, will preach at 10.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. On Mouday evening, Prof. Greaves will give an entertainment in the form of a reading-recital.

Important Notice to Farmers.

The undersigned have secured a first-class Steam Ditching Machine and are now open for engagements. Terms and prices made known on application.

The Brick and Tile Company,
Napanee.

17-t-f A. F. CLARK, Manager.

Capt. Sneath Recovering.

The suspense concerning the extent of the injuries to Capt. Sneath was considerably relieved by the receipt of a message from him on the 8th instant. On the 18th of May he was taken to a hospital at Boulogne in an unconscious condition suffering from shell shock. He was deaf and badly shaken up but in the course of a week was able to be removed to Hyde Park Hospital in London, where he is steadily improving and hopes in the course of a few weeks to be able to rejoin his battalion which has sustained very heavy losses during the past week. His injuries were received from the explosion of a shell among a group of five officers. Two were killed outright and the other three were knocked over and buried under a great weight of earth from which they were, with difficulty, extricated more dead than alive.

Lennox Women's Institute.

The summer series of the Lennox Women's Institute will be addressed by Miss Olive E. Hayes at the following places: Maple Leaf Branch, Lutheran Church, June 6th, 1916, at 8 o'clock. Subject—"First Aid in the home." Adolphustown Town Hall, June 9th, 1916, at 2.30 o'clock. Subject—"First Aid in the home." Conway Church, June 10th, 1916, at 2.30 o'clock. Subject—"Economy in Foods." Collins Bay Branch, Mrs. J. B. Fairfield's lawn, June 13th,

Spring S

Good Trimm

and the care we
in the making gi

A Lasting Shape Retail Gari

JAMES WALT

Merchant Tailoring,

ST. ANDREWS' C

(PRESBYTERIA)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B
pastor.

10.30 a. m.—Morning
pastor will preach.

11.45—Sunday School
Classes.

7.00 p.m.—Evening serv
by pastor.

Wednesday, 7.30 p. m
meeting for prayer and p

ST. MARY MAGDALENE
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, B

Services at S. Mary
Church :

8.00 a.m.—Holy Commun
tercession.

10.30 a.m.—Morning pre
sermon of a series on the
Holy Ghost.

12.00—Sunday School.

7.00 p.m.—Evening praye
"A Good Man."

VACCINATE YOUR CATT

Fresh vaccine, governme
in sealed vials of ten at V
Drug Store Limited.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first
men; cigars and tobacco.
call.

J. N. OSB

Photographs.

Eugene Richardson, ha
photographic studio ov
Perry's grocery store a
pleased to receive orders.

At Home.

The Churchwomen's G
Mary Magdalene church, w
"At Home" at the reside
Herbert Daly on Thursda
June 15th. Silver collectio
body welcome.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

annual Sunday School picnic will be held in Allen Oliver's grove on Tuesday next, June 13th. Refreshments served on the ground. Base ball game, and a fish pond. Admission, adults, 25c; children 15c.

The last regular monthly meeting until the Autumn, of the "U.E. Loyalist" Chapter I.O.D.E., will be held in the Board-room of the Public Library, on Monday, 12th June, at 4.15 p.m. Delegate's Report will be given, and as some important matters are to be discussed, a full attendance of members is desired.

SECRETARY.

The annual S.S. Convention of Richmond Township, will be held at Forest Mills on Friday, June 16th, 1916: two sessions at 2 and 7.30 p.m. A general review of the year's work by the Field Secretary. Short addresses by several from the town and township, who are interested in S.S. work. Music by Robin and Lime Lake choirs. Everybody invited. See bills for program.

The local firemen are busily engaged getting their running team in shape for the Firemen's Demonstration at Trenton, on July 26th. Considerable funds are needed for this purpose and Mr. Jas. Foster has kindly consented to help the boys out by giving them a benefit concert at Wonderland, on two nights, Thursday, June 15th, and Tuesday, June 29th.

The U.E.L. Chapter, I.O.D.E., observed the King's Birthday this year very fittingly by the presentation of a beautifully framed copy of the famous 'Scrap of paper.' After the principals' few introducing remarks about the former frequent kindnesses shown to the Collegiate by the chapter, The Regent, Mrs. Harshaw, made the presentation with a short appropriate address. The presentation had particular significance as the names of former students and teachers who have enlisted are enrolled on each side the historic document.

London, June 8.—The German official statement received in Amsterdam to-day admits the sinking of the large battle cruiser Lutzow and the small cruiser Rastock in the Skaquak naval engagement. These boats sank on their way to harbor after the battle. Earlier mention of their losses was not made, say the despatches, because of "military considerations." The admission of the loss of the Lutzow and Rastock brings the total German loss admitted to date to twelve ships, 65,000 tons.

NAPANEE CHEESE BOARD.

1235 White and 1230 Colored Cheese were offered for sale on Friday last. All cheese sold at 16 9-16c.

The following factories boarded:

Colored. White

Napanee	130
Moscow	145
Phippen No. 1	80
Phippen No. 2	50
Phippen No. 3	75
Kingsford	80
Forest Mills	140
Union	160
Odessa	175
Excelsior	120
Farmers' Friend	80
Marlbank	75
Palace Road	105
Centreville	135
Selby	175
Newburgh	100
Camden East	150
Beseronto	140
Johnston	75
Wilton	90
Enterprise	110
Whitman Creek	65

LENNOX HOTEL BARBER SHOP

Mr. F. S. Scott has purchased this shop and will be pleased to receive a share of your patronage.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.



NEW SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsted, New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.

Napanee, Ont.

1916, at 2.30 o'clock, Subject—"Economy in Foods." Collins Bay Branch, Mrs. J. B. Fairfield's lawn, June 13th, 1916, at 2.30 o'clock. Subject—"Dry Cleaning." Miss Hayes took the Normal Teachers' Course in Domestic Science at the MacDonald Institute, Guelph, after considerable experience as a public school teacher. Following this she has conducted several Demonstration Lecture courses in food values and cooking with uniform acceptance to the Institutes. At the close of each meeting "Afternoon Tea" will be served by the members of each branch. The public are cordially invited.

June 10th. Silver collection body welcome.

POULTRY,

To anyone who not car lowed the direction of poultry ment in Canada, an unders the status which the poultry has now reached must cons distinct surprise. Whether from the standpoint of the of the produce trade, it is n the best organized and m gressive of any of our live industries. Co-operation amebers in marketing is impr product and realizing for the er price than they have hitherto obtainable. The reorga methods by the trade is against loss in handling, is to the consumer a better for establishing our export busi a firm basis.

It is estimated that Cuba, during the last two years received from the United States three-fourths of all the eggs by that country during th This situation, however, changed. As against an in 1913 of 13,240,111 dozen produced in 1915 not more than 952 dozen. On the other hand in 1913 we exported only 14 dozen, in 1915, we exported 14 dozen. This constitutes a n in production, in two years least 17,100,000 dozen. Prac of these exports went to the Kingdom.

Notwithstanding the surprada which these figures prices during March, April have remained at an extra high level. For the first quarter of the year 1916, the price to selling co-operatively, has least 4c. in advance of the received, for the same period. For the month of March, i least 5c. in advance and month of April at least 3 advance of last year's price respective months. The de eggs for local consumption, age purposes and for imme port, has rarely been so ke the present moment. This clearly reflected in the quoted. Heavy domestic ec in the face of the high meats, partly explains this Confidence in the export de the part of the produce firms it from another direc notwithstanding increased 1 the egg and poultry businesada is in a very strong po the present time.

Under the circumstances lieve that it will be a practice to raise as many it is possible or practicable Early-hatched chicks in winter layers. Rough grain bably be produced in abu Canada this year and the poultry at a profit should bly assisted from this source winter prices are a paying tation, in any event. Poultry dressed, under present ative market conditions, cationably be reared and fin decided profit. A good fowl, if carefully handled, wi prevent waste on the farm more economy in living such as is particularly when all farm products are so marketable and so dear

The Red Cross-Society

Last year an appeal was made to the Collegiate Institute for a donation of money, and was met with a hearty response, one of the most successful Bazaars ever held in Napanee being given, and the net proceeds handed to our Society. This year a second appeal was made. A short time ago the Collegiate held a delightful concert, the Town Hall being filled to its utmost capacity and the sum of \$63.00 was placed in the hands of our treasurer to be applied on the Prisoners-of-war Fund. We feel deeply indebted to Mr. McLean, Principal, to his faithful Assistants, and to the pupils one and all, who have shown such keen interest in our Red Cross work.

The Convenor of the Finance Committee, reports successful returns last month from the Mite Boxer. This is very encouraging, as we depend largely on the money raised in this way, to meet the financial part of our work.

The Society's one aim is to spend the money collected, in such a manner, that the greatest benefit shall be secured at the least possible outlay. The comforts purchased with this Mite Box money and sent away from time to time, have meant already untold blessings to untold numbers of wounded men; these comforts have alleviated suffering of the most terrible characters; they have prevented sufferings, which otherwise must have taken a heavy toll of life; they have made easy the way of the dying, and brought comfort and hope to those who had become victims of despair. We would ask for further help, that we may feel when this great war is over, that we have each one done our "bit" and given aid and comfort to those who so badly need it.

We acknowledge with thanks \$2.00 from Gretna Sunday School and \$11, the proceeds of an Entertainment, gotten up by Miss Jaynes, of Sharp Corners.

The Society is greatly indebted to Mr. R. B. Allen of Napanee, who, on many occasions, has furnished us with a phonograph, entirely without fee. This kindness is greatly appreciated.

We hope to see a good attendance at our rooms on Saturday. Tea will be served in the afternoon.

Nickle plated ware, brass goods electric lamps, fire place fenders and bread boards at BOYLE & SON'S

ng Suits

Trimmings

care we bestow
naking give you

ting
ipe Retaining
Garment.

IS WALTERS,
tailoring, • Napanee.

DREWS' CHURCH
ESBYTERIAN.)

Wilson, B. A., B. D.,

— Morning service. The
reach.

Say School and Bible

Evening service. Sermon

7.30 p. m.—Mid-week
rayer and praise.

AGDALENE CHURCH
I. Coleman, M.A., Vicar
S. Mary Magdalene

Holy Communion and In-

Morning prayer. Final
eries on the work of the

Say School.
vening prayer. Sermon,

YOUR CATTLE.
e, government standard,
of ten at WALLACE'S
imited.

er Shop.
neat; first class work-
nd tobacco. Give me a

J. N. OSBORNE.

hardson, has opened a
studio over Frank
ry store and will be
ive orders. 29-t-f

women's Guild of St.
ne church, will give an
t the residence of Mr.
on Thursday evening.
ver collection.—Every-

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.
9.45 a.m.—Class meeting.
10.30 a.m.—Rev. C. E. Cragg, B. D.,
will preach.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible
Classes.

7.00 p.m.—The pastor. Topic, "Do-
ing More Than Your Duty, or the need
of a Margin."

A brief prelude on the loss of the
late Earl Kitchener.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening
at 8 o'clock.

PERSONALS

Misses Ida Garbutt and Malene, of
Kingston, were in town on Monday.

Miss Rose Frizzell is spending the
week with friends in Belleville.

Messer. Charles V. F. Meagher and
Geo. H. Meagher and two friends of
the Ritchie Co., motored to town on
Sunday.

Mrs. A. E. Lewis, Odessa, who has
been ill, is improving. Her daughter,
Mrs. F. G. Henderson, Hamilton, who
has been with her, intends to return
home the last of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Clark, of
Hamilton, spent last week with his
mother, Mrs. A. C. Clarke.

Miss Marjorie Doller is home from
Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. J. E. Robinson, Delegate from
Trinity Church, to Methodist Conference
at Peterboro, was again elected
Secretary of The Laymens' Association.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Baker, spent the
week end in Belleville attending the
Rice-Sinclair wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Brown are
spending to-day in the village of En-
terprise, with their daughter, Mrs.
Reuben Wagar, it being Mr. Brown's
81st birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Manly Jones attended
the Methodist Conference in Peter-
boro and visited at the home of F. O.
Allison.

Rev. W. H. Embley, senior Chaplain
at Bramshott camp has been promot-
ed to Lieut.-Colonel.

Miss Mercer, the Kingston nurse,
with the Canadian forces, received the
Royal Red Cross on the King's birth-
day.

Mrs. Jas. Daly returned this week
from spending the winter in Buffalo.

Mrs. J. J. Graham and family left
last Friday for Kingston where they
have taken a home on Alfred street.

Mrs. Edwin Miller spent the past
week with friends in Watertown, N.Y.

Rev. S. Sellery will close his pastorate
of Trinity Church on Sunday,
June the 18th.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Morgan and
baby, Panama, are guests of her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hunter.

During Mrs. Willoughby Cum-
mings stay in town this week, she will
be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. T.
Harshaw at "Hillcrest."

Miss Ethel Asseltine arrived home
from Middletown, N. Y. and is visiting
her sister, Mrs. Gray; Sydenham.

Miss Constance Nesbitt, nurse-in-
training, Kingston General Hospital,
spent the week-end with her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Nesbitt.

Sergt. Bruce Jemmett, Engineers,
son of Mrs. Jemmett, Napanee, has
won the distinguished conduct medal
for services in the field. His name

The Scarcity of Rennet

Tamworth, Ont.
June 6th, 1916.

Hon. Martin Burrell,
Minister of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Canada.

Dear Mr. Burrell:—You have no
doubt been made acquainted with the
serious condition of the cheese dairying
in the Dominion of Canada on
account of the so said shortage of
rennet.

As I am directly interested in the
cheese dairying, owning and operating
four factories, manufacturing for some
three hundred and twenty-five farmers,
my output in dollars is between
seventy-five and one hundred thousand
and for a season, but I am not speaking
for myself personally as I have a fair
supply at present on hand, but know-
ing the conditions, I am speaking for
the dairy industry in general as I per-
sonally know some of the factories in
this community cannot operate any
longer than to finish out this present
week, unless they get relief by secur-
ing more rennet, in fact I have come
to the relief of one or two factories by
loaning them a few gallons of rennet
or they would of been closed this
week.

Now as you are aware, if the indu-
stry had to close it would be a very
serious matter. The output for this
season, from present prospects, would
be in round figures between twenty-
five and thirty millions, but it is not
only a matter of dollars to Canada,
but it is as you are aware, as necessary
to supply our boys, who are fighting
in the trenches in defence of the Em-
pire, with cheese as a food as it is
bread.

If you have not already done so I
think that you should take this matter
up and ascertain, if there is a shortage
or if the supply has fallen into the
hands of a few fakers in order to make
fortunes. If you find that this is the
condition, I feel that it would be your
duty to take possession of every gal-
lon of rennet and see that it is pro-
perly distributed among the manufac-
turers. While I believe they are sell-
ing a few gallons from ten to fifteen
dollar, per gallon, yet it is not a mat-
ter altogether with the farmers and
manufacturers of the price it is a
matter of getting the article for which
cheese cannot be manufactured with-
out.

Hope and believe you will take this
matter up with the department.

Yours truly,
W. J. PAUL,
M. P. Lennox and Addington.

NOTICE.

You will have no trouble in raising
little chicks or turkeys if you feed
Hess and Clark's "poultry specifies."
For sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store
Limited.

**FRESH MINED
FINEST QUALITY
REE BURNING
COAL**

CHAS. STEVENS,

Office opposite Campbell House,
Yard foot of West Street.

For Summer Weather

Keep the flies out of your house
with Screen Doors and Windows

**Bring that Door Down
and have a New
Screen put in it.**

Get An Oil Stove

for use in hot weather. We
have the very best Stove pro-
curable.

Hardware, Paints, Brushes,
Kitchen Ware.

J. G. FENNELL.

FOOT--PRINTS

Means they are wearing

Tennis Shoes and Outing Shoes

We have a complete stock on
hand in White Pumps and Colonials
and High White Boots for Summer.

WEISS BROS.

Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE and TRENTON.

New Plumbing and Tinsmith Shop

Opposite Anderson's Livery.

DAVIS & COATES, Proprietors.

We beg to announce that we
have opened a place of business
in the Campbell House Block,
where we will be pleased to
receive orders for all kinds of
Plumbing and Tinsmithing.

Our Specialty will be
Plumbing and Hot Air Fittings
(A trial solicited.)

Bring your tinsmith repairing
to us and get a satisfactory job.

Desmore Davis. Wm. Coates.

POULTRY.

He who not carefully follows the direction of poultry development, an understanding of which the poultry industry ached must constitute a surprise. Whether viewed from the point of the farmer or the trade, it is now one of organized and most progressive of our live stock in-operation amongst far-marketing is improving the realizing for them a high-in-they have hitherto been gain. The reorganization of the trade is providing s in handling, is assuring us a better article and our export business upon s.

mated that Canada and in the last twenty years, in the United States about s of all the eggs exported country during that period, however, has now s against an importation 13,240,111 dozen, we im- 1915 not more than 3,083. On the other hand, while exported only 147,149 dozen, we exported 7,898,322 s constitutes a net increase in two years, of at 3,000 dozen. Practically all ports went to the United

anding the surplus in Canada—these figures indicate, in March, April and May ined at an extraordinarily. For the first quarter of 1916, the price to producers, operatively, has been at a advance of the price re- the same period, in 1915. Month of March, it was at n advance and for the

April at least 3c. in ad- last year's price for these months. The demand for general consumption, for stores and for immediate ex- rarely been so keen as at moment. This situation in- flected in the prices just easy domestic consumption ce of the high price for tly explains this condition in the export demand for of the produce trade, con- mon another direction. Not- increased production, id poultry business in Can- a very strong position at time.

In circumstances, we be- it will be a very wise raise as many chickens as possible or practicable to handle. Chicks made good. Rough grains will pro- produced in abundance in is year and the feeding of a profit should be material- from this source. Eggs at ces are a paying proposi- tivity event. Poultry, alive or dead present and prospec- et conditions, can unques- reared and finished at a cost. A good flock of pou- fully handled, will serve to iste on the farm and pros- tony in living expenses, is particularly necessary. Farm products are becoming able and so dear.

won the distinguished conduct medal for services in the field. His name appears among the King's birthday honors.

Margaret A. G. Haycock, Adolphus- town, Bessie C. Aylsworth, Bath, Edith P. Husband, Newburgh, A. E. Judge, Odessa, Edna Laidley, Napanee, and Vivian McLaughlin, Napanee, were successful in passing their Faculty of Education exams at Queen's.

BIRTHS.

HOGEBOOM—At Stetka, on June 5th, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hogeboom, twins, a son and daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GREEK—FOSTER—At Bracebridge, on May 1st, 1916, by Rev. E. R. Young, B.A., Miss Madelon Foster, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Manly Foster, Yarker, Ont., to William Greer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Greer, Bent River, Ont.

DEATHS

DICKSON—At South Fredericks- burg, on Saturday, June 3rd, 1916, Sarah Anita Dickson, aged 49 years, 4 months.

HARTIN—At Richmond, on Saturday, June 3rd, 1916, Mrs. Christie Hartin, aged 46 years.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter, I.O.D.E.



In the recent news that has come to us from the war area, our souls have, and are still being tried, as it were in the fiery furnace, and our courage and endurance put to the testing point.

In the grave situation we are facing, do not let us be found wanting, let each one do their bit, then all will be taking their part in the Empire's Conflict for the freedom of Europe, the liberty of the world, and the only way in which a lasting peace may be obtained.

Think of the crying needs resulting from the recent engagements both by sea and land! indeed the encounters by land are as fierce as ever, if not more so, and while our national existence is at stake, our brave defenders are in need of countless supplies and comforts—but hospital supplies and surgical dressings above all other requirements.

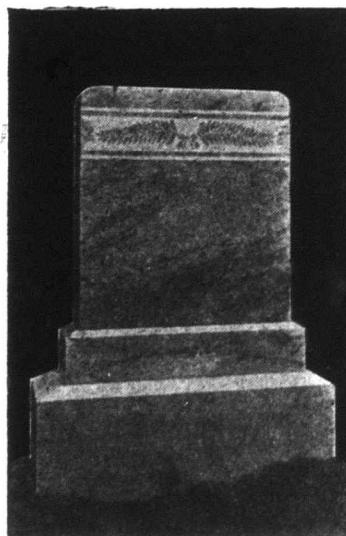
Let us therefore do our utmost to step into the breach in the only way we can, by seeing to it that our men do not suffer from the lack of essentials.

Fresh hospital supply cases are being prepared, and we ask each member to do her utmost to assist in making it possible to fill and ship them.

See another column for announcement of Mrs. Willoughby Cummings' lecture at Town Hall to-night. All members and friends are expected to be present. Remember our room is open twice a week, on Thursday and Saturday afternoons, until 5.30 o'clock when work is going on, and we are prepared to receive donations either in funds or materials.

A 25c. bottle of Nyals "Death to Bugs" will rid your house of bugs and cockroaches. WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Lime, sulphur, and arsenate of lead for spraying apple trees at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.



MONUMENTS In Granite or Marble.

We have moved to our new store on the Market Square, and where we will have every facility for doing the best of work.

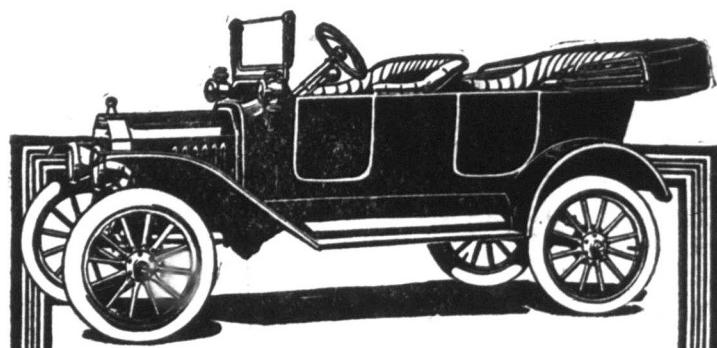
Headstones, Corner Posts, Everything in Monument Work.

A car of New Marble Monuments will be here in a few days.

The Napanee Marble and Granite Works,

Market Square,
NAPANEE.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Proprietor.



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Ford Touring Car Price \$530

If you stayed indoors all winter—you might not need your Ford till "new grass" time. But in the wide "out-of-doors" the Ford serves as well in January as in June. It's the all-year-round car with a reputation for service and economy that isn't affected by the seasons.

The Runabout is now \$480; the Town Car \$780; f. o. b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Get particulars from W. J. NORMILE, Dealer, Napanee, Ont.

